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                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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                       FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA
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    Victor Parsons, et al., on
    behalf of themselves and all )
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    others similarly situated;
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    and Arizona Center for
    Disability Law,
 7
                                       No. CV 12-00601-PHX-DKD
                   Plaintiff,
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                                       Phoenix, Arizona
              VS.
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                                       June 14, 2017
     Charles Ryan, Director,
                                       9:00 a.m.
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    Arizona Department of
     Corrections; and Richard
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    Pratt, Interim Division
    Director, Division of Health )
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     Services, Arizona Department )
     of Corrections, in their
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     Official capacities,
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                   Defendants.
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        BEFORE: THE HONORABLE DAVID K. DUNCAN, MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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                  REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
18
                             (Status Hearing)
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     Official Court Reporter:
     Laurie A. Adams, RMR, CRR
22
     Sandra Day O'Connor U.S. Courthouse, Suite 312
     401 West Washington Street, Spc 43
23
     Phoenix, Arizona 85003-2151
     (602) 322-7256
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     Proceedings Reported by Stenographic Court Reporter
25
     Transcript Prepared by Computer-Aided Transcription
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|----------|---|
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| 16 | STRUCK WIENEKE & LOVE, P.L.C. By: Timothy J. Bojanowski, Esq. By: Rachel Love, Esq. |
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| 22 | |
| 23 | WITNESS: EXAMINATION BY THE COURT Dr. Nicole Taylor 52 |
| 24 | |
| 25 | |

| 1 | PROCEEDINGS | |
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| 2 | THE MAGISTRATE CLERK: Civil Case Number 12-601, | |
| 3 | Parsons, et al., versus Ryan, et al., on for a status hearing. | |
| 4 | THE COURT: Counsel please state their appearances for | |
| 5 | the record. | 09:00AM |
| 6 | MR. FATHI: Good morning, Your Honor. David Fathi, | |
| 7 | Amy Fettig, Corene Kendrick, and Kirsten Eidenbach for the | |
| 8 | plaintiff class. And Maya Abela for the Arizona Center for | |
| 9 | Disability. | |
| 10 | THE COURT: Thank you very much. Good morning. | 09:00AM |
| 11 | MR. BOJANOWSKI: Tim Bojanowski, Rachel Love, Ann | |
| 12 | Orcutt present. And then on the phone is Lucy Rand. | |
| 13 | THE COURT: Thank you very much. Good morning. | |
| 14 | Mr. Bojanowski, perhaps the first thing we can do is | |
| 15 | turn to the performance measures and the April update. | 09:00AM |
| 16 | MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay. I have two big notebooks. It | |
| 17 | will take me | |
| 18 | THE COURT: Fair enough. I didn't think you had them | |
| 19 | memorized. | |
| 20 | Maybe while you are doing that I can say that the | 09:02AM |
| 21 | first one, perhaps, we could look at is Performance Measure 11: | |
| 22 | Newly prescribed provider ordered formulary medications will be | |
| 23 | provided to the inmates within two business days after | |
| 24 | prescribed or on the same day if prescribed stat. | |
| 25 | This is why I suggested the last time that it would be | 09:03AM |

09:04AM

-CV 12-601 - June 14, 2017 - Status Hearinghelpful if you could provide these numbers to the parties and 1 to the Court in advance of the hearing. Then we wouldn't have 2 3 to require you to go through this exercise. I would have it on 4 my spreadsheet and be able to save you this time. 5 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Your Honor, you are referring to 09:03AM Docket 2062? 6 7 THE COURT: 2062? 8 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Yeah. That was our notice that we filed with the Court on 5-17-17 giving you the current --10 THE COURT: But that had. March remember we talked -- 09:03AM MR. BOJANOWSKI: Oh, April. I'm sorry. I'm sorry, 11 Your Honor. Okay. I'm ready to go. 12 1.3 THE COURT: Okay. 14 MR. BOJANOWSKI: I thought you were talking about 15 March. 09:03AM THE COURT: No. No. Performance Measure 11 for 16 17 April. 18 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay. For Number 11, preliminary 19 numbers for April: Eyman, 68 percent; Florence, 95 percent; 20 Lewis, 79 percent; Tucson, 84 percent; Winslow, 93 percent; and 09:04AM 21 Yuma, 98 percent. 22 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 23 Performance Measure 13: Chronic and --

THE COURT: Let me just finish this. Chronic and

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

MR. BOJANOWSKI: All right. 13.

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- psychotropic medication renewals will be completed in a manner such that there is no interruption or lapse in medication.
- 3 Performance Measure 13.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: All right. Douglas, 100 percent;

Eyman, 92 percent; Florence, 80 percent; Lewis, 97 percent;

Perryville, 72 percent; Tucson, 86 percent; Yuma, 100 percent.

THE COURT: We saw a dramatic improvement based upon what you just said in Eyman going from 62 to 92 and then also with respect to Florence, going from 51 to, did you say, 80?

10 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. And then Lewis going from 72 to 97. And Perryville is still a problem from 78 to 72.

13 What's going on there and what can be done?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: I don't have specifics. May I have a moment, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Surely.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Your Honor, what we have done is implemented a plan statewide for all facilities. I think the issue at Perryville may be related to a change in personnel at the FAH level. I'm not quite sure. I don't have specifics on that. But it's my understanding that the data reporting and utilization reports are now being run on a daily basis, and they are being reviewed by the FAH, the Facility Health Administrator, to assure that this measure is met. So I'm thinking that maybe the -- as you can see the plan is taking

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hold here statewide, but it may have been that at Perryville we had that change in top level personnel which may have affected that score. I don't have specifics, unfortunately, to answer your question.

THE COURT: Well, the problem is that although we had in February a compliance rate that met the performance measure, and same was true for January, that before that there was an abject failure to comply with this performance measure not only at Perryville but everywhere. And so the suggested remediation measure that you have identified there is one that I heard before and I'm not willing to abide anymore.

So effective immediately at Perryville, every single failure to comply with Performance Measure 13 will result in an order to show cause hearing as to why a \$1,000 fine should not be imposed. On July 17th, the State will file a report, a both redacted and under seal version, that would include the name and numbers of the inmates who did not receive the required transfer or the required medication required by Performance Measure 13 in the previous 30 days.

And so we'll see what happens at the next month report and see whether or not this gets somebody's attention on that.

That's how I'm going to proceed with a number of these if we do hear numbers that are similar to this. I have just had enough.

All right. Performance Measure 14 all compliant.

Well done.

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09:10AM

09:10AM

-CV 12-601 - June 14, 2017 - Status Hearing-1 Performance Measure 35, please. MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor? 2 3 THE COURT: Yes. 4 MS. KENDRICK: Performance Measure 14? THE COURT: Did I miss one? 5 09:11AM MR. BOJANOWSKI: I think we were on 13, Your Honor. 6 14 I can give you the preliminaries. 7 8 THE COURT: Yes. Thank you. I'm sorry. Give me just 9 a second. Yep. You are right. I do need to hear those 10 numbers. Thank you. 09:11AM 11 Go ahead. MR. BOJANOWSKI: Douglas is 100 percent. 12 1.3 THE COURT: Okay. 14 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Eyman, 98 percent; Florence, 92 15 percent; Lewis, 100 percent; Perryville, 96 percent; Tucson, 09:11AM 16 100 percent; and Yuma, 93 percent. 17 THE COURT: All right. So I get to repeat the "well 18 done." Thank you. Then next to 35. And 35 is: All inmate medications 19 20 will be transferred with and provided to the inmate or 09:12AM 21 otherwise provided at the receiving prison without any 22 interruption. 23 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay. Eyman, 38 percent; Florence, 62 percent; Lewis, 66 percent. Excuse me. Lewis is 49 24 25 percent; Phoenix is 67 percent; Tucson, 73 percent. 09:12AM

09:15AM

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THE COURT: Okay. Well, we have talked about this 1 last month, and I guess I don't understand how this is so 2 3 difficult. I have expressed that failure to comprehend how, 4 when you have the responsibility for the person and you are moving that person from one facility to another, how you cannot 5 09:13AM also make sure that the medication that that person is 6 7 receiving is transferred with that person. So with Performance Measure 35, effective immediately, 8 9 for Eyman, Florence, Lewis, Phoenix, and Tucson, the same measure is employed for Performance Measure 13, and that is, 10 09:13AM 11 you will have an OSC as to why you shouldn't have to pay a 12 \$1,000 per failure to comply with this performance measure for 1.3 every single person who didn't get it. And I want the names 14 and numbers of those people by the 17th of July, and we'll set 15 the OSC and decide how to proceed. 09:13AM 16 37, the April numbers, please. 17 MR. BOJANOWSKI: 37: Eyman, 86; Florence, 97; Lewis, 87; Tucson, 90; Winslow, 100; Yuma, 100. 18 19 THE COURT: Well done. 20 This is a real challenge, my spreadsheet. 09:15AM 21 Routine provider referrals will be addressed by a medical 22 provider. And the problem is I just can't read the small 23 print. If somebody has it in front of them and would put it in the record it would be helpful for me. 24

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Routine provider referrals will be

1 addressed by a medical provider and referrals requiring a 2 scheduled provider appointment will be seen within 14 calendar 3 days of the referral.

THE COURT: Thank you. I don't know why I just couldn't read that one word. But thank you for doing that.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: The preliminary numbers are: Eyman, 90 percent; Florence, 85 percent; Lewis, 87 percent; Perryville, 94 percent; Tucson, 97 percent.

THE COURT: I'm pleased to see the increase in Perryville going from the March report of 76 to 94 and the other numbers here. Thank you.

09:16AM

MS. KENDRICK: Could you give the number for Yuma, please? Because it was also non-compliant.

14 MR. BOJANOWSKI: I'm sorry. I missed one. You are right. Yuma is 90 percent.

09:16AM

THE COURT: Thank you for minding this. You have apparently got the sharper eyesight, and I appreciate it.

Performance Measure 40: Urgent care referrals are seen by a medical provider within 24 hours of the referral.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Eyman, 40; Tucson, 100.

09:17AM

THE COURT: So if I'm reading this right, Eyman has gone from being, since September, with the exception of November, being in compliance. The last three months reported December, January, February at 100 percent and now has dropped off to 40. What's going on -- no. That's not right.

09:17AM

misstated. It's 46 in -- 46 in March. So we saw no rebound at 1 2 In fact, I kind of was hopeful that there would be a 3 rebound after three months where you showed you knew how to do 4 But instead we go to 40 from 46. So what's happening at 5 Eyman? 09:18AM MR. BOJANOWSKI: It seems as though the problem may be 6 the number of files being pulled. So what we would like to do 7 8 and intend to do, I think, is change our source documents to try and increase the sample size. Under the measure --Wait a minute. Why is that a good idea? 10 THE COURT: 09:18AM Are we just going to go fishing more until we get some fish in 11 12 our bucket so it's filled up? 1.3 MR. BOJANOWSKI: I think the problem is when you have, 14 say, four files and you miss two, you are at 50 percent. 15 THE COURT: I see. What's the total? 09:18AM 16 MR. BOJANOWSKI: I think we had six files, if I recall 17 correctly, that that fell under this. So we think that the 18 problem may be in trying to gather the data we need to explore 19 other source documents to look to see if maybe we can capture 20 this information in other files that we could then look at to 09:18AM 21 get a better picture of what's actually going on with regard to 22 this measure.

THE COURT: That's frightening in all sorts of ways. For the first it becomes an affront to our randomization criteria which we employ for a good purpose; but two, it also

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1 is very concerning because if it's true that we have just six people who have this requirement and you can't get it right 2 3 with half of them, how hard is that? What's going on there? 4 MR. BOJANOWSKI: We also, aside from that, Your Honor, we have got some new plans that we would like to get to the 5 09:19AM Court if the Court would allow us. But under this new plan 6 7 that we've got, the Eyman facility is going to have a provider staffed on each housing unit. The fully staffed provider model 8 will greatly assist the demand of urgent referrals required to be seen within 24 hours. Open sick call model will also assist 10 11 this measure in that inmates with urgent referrals from the 12 nurse line will have the ability to see the provider on that unit during the open sick call process. So they will see them 1.3 14 on the same day. We're also increasing --15 THE COURT: How is that -- the referral time people 09:20AM 16 often times aren't in every day, as I understand it, the 17 referral people aren't. Are they in every day? 18 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Who? 19 THE COURT: These referral people, the medical 20 providers at Eyman, are they there every day? The people that 09:20AM 21 you can see, are they there every day? 22 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Yeah. The provider is there every 23 day, Your Honor. What's going on, I think, from what I'm being 24 told here, is that the nurse makes the referral over to the 25 provider. They are not marking it as an urgent referral so 09:21AM

they are not getting credit for it. That's the documentation

issue. But to get the -- instead of -- so each yard will have

the provider on it?

MR. PRATT: Yes.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: So each yard will now have the provider there to be able to handle these urgent referrals right away.

MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor, we would like to ask for written proof of it, because based upon the weekly staffing schedules, providers only work Monday through Fridays. They don't work on holidays and weekends. So if this change has now occurred where they are on site seven days a week with a provider level person on every single yard, that's great news, but we would like written proof of that.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ BOJANOWSKI: They are not there weekends and holidays.

THE COURT: So how do you comply with this performance measure then? It says 24 hours. Doesn't say weekends and holidays excepted. People get sick weekends and holidays.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ BOJANOWSKI: It would be by way of either telemed or we would have the provider come in.

THE COURT: But it's not been happening. I have got it less than 50 percent compliance rate. And telemed I have been told about and these other remedies I have been told about before, and here we are looking at April. It's the same story.

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1 MR. BOJANOWSKI: I don't have an answer to that, Your 2 Honor. 3 THE COURT: What we'll do is we'll put Performance 4 Measure 40 in the same bucket as to you telling me every single one of these six people or however number they are who don't 5 09:23AM get this in the next 30 days, reporting to me on July 17th and 6 7 we'll consider an OSC as to why there shouldn't be a \$1,000 8 sanction for failure to comply with this performance measure especially in light of the fact that it seems you have been sitting on a situation where I have only heard about the 10 09:23AM 11 enhanced telemedicine, I think, since December and that this is 12 something that hasn't been fixed since then when telemedicine 1.3 has been talked about before. So we'll put 40 into that bucket 14 as well. 15 So Performance Measure 44: Inmates returning from an 09:23AM 16 inmate hospital stay or ER transport with discharge 17 recommendations from the hospital shall have the hospital's 18 treatment recommendation reviewed and acted upon by a medical 19 provider within 24 hours. MR. BOJANOWSKI: So Number 44 at Eyman, 15; Florence, 20 09:24AM 21 100; Lewis, 100. 2.2 THE COURT: I'm sorry. Could you repeat Eyman? 23 MR. BOJANOWSKI: 15. THE COURT: Did you say 1-5? 24

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MR. BOJANOWSKI:

09:26AM

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1 THE COURT: So what's the explanation there? MR. BOJANOWSKI: I think it is a matter of procedure 2 3 of getting the records from the ER sent to the site medical 4 director instead of being sent to the yard. THE COURT: Are you kidding me? So somebody is 5 09:25AM transferred from a hospital and some prison guard gets the 6 7 medical record and the healthcare facility doesn't get it? MR. BOJANOWSKI: No, it's going to each medical site 8 at the yard. And so it wasn't getting captured. And so what's 9 happening is it's not getting documented. So the proposal was 10 09:25AM 11 to get it to the site medical director for processing so that it's with one person and it's getting acted upon. 12 THE COURT: Do the plaintiffs, through their 1.3 14 observations and monitoring, have any insight as to why this is 15 happening? Should I be as alarmed as I am or am I missing 09:26AM 16 something? 17 MS. KENDRICK: We're equally alarmed, Your Honor. 18 what we're also very alarmed about, as detailed in our expert Todd Wilcox's declaration, Document 2103 at Paragraph 41, the 19 20 remedial plan that defendants submitted was not that the 09:26AM 21 medical director reviewed these diagnostic reports but that the 22 facility health administrator would review them, what they call 23 a FAH and those people do not necessarily have medical 24 training. They are administrators.

So as Dr. Wilcox pointed out, it needs to be reviewed

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     by a treating provider familiar with the patient not some
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     administrator. And also the stipulation by its own language
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     says --
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              THE COURT: "Medical provider" are the words that are
     used. Are you are telling me the State is saying they are
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     compliant, Mr. Bojanowski, because an administrator, somebody
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     who has no medical degree, is looking at this? This can't be
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     so. Is that what you really said?
              MS. KENDRICK: That's in the remedial plan, sir.
              THE COURT: Can you show it to me? Do you have it
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                                                                      09:27AM
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     handy?
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              MS. KENDRICK: Docket 1977 at Pages 6 to 7.
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              THE COURT: Could you print that out, please?
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: It's being reviewed by the FAH to see
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     that it's actually done. The FAH doesn't have the authority
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     to --
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              MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor, I quote from --
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              THE COURT: Hold it. Don't talk over one another,
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     please.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Maybe there's a problem or maybe
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     there's a mistake in the pleading. I don't know.
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     bottom line is, is that the FAH reviews it to make sure that
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     it's actually done, okay, not -- they can't do it. They don't
     have the authority to do it. So if that's in the pleading then
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     that's clearly an error.
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MS. KENDRICK: Well, I will quote from the bottom of Page 6 of Docket 1977 for Eyman it says, "Going forward, the facility health administrator will be exclusively responsible for reviewing and acting upon hospital treatment recommendations." The performance measure clearly says "medical provider." Their remedial plan such as it is says that the FAH will be doing it. And the FAH is not a person with medical training.

THE COURT: Well, that clearly is a mistake. And it's the kind of mistake that you don't get a pass on because I can't have mistakes like that causing the plaintiffs to run down what is an emergent blind alley. Because if somebody reads that and they think that the performance measure requires a medical provider and you tell them that you are exclusively putting that in the responsibility of an administrator, they are every bit entitled to be running about with extreme concern.

And then when you see a compliance of 15 percent, you are struck with how such a mistake could occur because you would think that that would be a ready sign to everybody that the Court was going to be interested in it and that you also should be dramatically interested in it and that you should take extra care to make sure that what you are writing about in the remedial plan is what you are indeed intending to communicate to everyone, except you didn't do that.

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What you did is you told them that you are going to have someone who is not a medical provider look at this when it's obviously in the stipulation because it matters, that when somebody is in the hospital or they have an emergency room transport with a discharge recommendation, nothing can fall 09:30AM between the cracks. And this is a huge crack. MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor, may I say something else? THE COURT: Yes. MS. KENDRICK: We're also very -- besides the fact that we're very appalled by these numbers, we're kind of 09:30AM flabbergasted why they cannot come into compliance with this because it is not rocket science. As our expert pointed out in his report at Paragraph 45, his recommendation was that any patient that arrives back at a facility needs to be checked in by nursing staff, getting vital signs and assessment, and any 09:30AM paperwork or orders should be reviewed at the time with a doctor on call so the treatment plans can be implemented. This isn't creating some new system whole cloth. It's basic common sense from a correctional healthcare point of view. 09:31AM Well, I want -- go ahead. THE COURT: MR. BOJANOWSKI: Part of the problem is that this gets into, quote, unquote, "acted upon" and what does that mean. what we found at Eyman and even at other facilities was that

the doctors were taking the report that would come from, say,

the hospital, they would sign off on it, and that's all they
would do. Well, they don't get credit for that, even though
they saw the report, they signed the report.

THE COURT: Right. And we talked about this before and I wanted to have documentation that they acted upon it.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: Exactly.

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THE COURT: And if they chose not to follow the course of treatment recommended by the discharging facility, that would have to be documented.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Right.

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THE COURT: So the "acted upon" here is something we have talked about before and something that is of significant importance to me.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Very important to us, too.

THE COURT: You have known about that.

09:31AM

MR. BOJANOWSKI: So in an effort to try and cure this problem, to force the language to be appropriate, we have been looking at trying to modify that eOMIS program to make it so that the doctor has to do something with it. He can't just sign off on it. He's got to put some kind of comment in there to say, yeah, I agree with the recommendation, no I don't, and I want this done.

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So it's, you know, it's one of those things that, you know, we're getting good compliance at every other facility except this one. And so it's one that we need to target and

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certainly address. But we're taking that kind of action to get that done.

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THE COURT: All right. On the 17th of July, I want you also to submit to the Court a report of the previous 30 days of every Eyman person who was returning from an inpatient hospital stay or ER transport with discharge recommendations from the hospital. And I want you to report to the Court how each of these individuals were reviewed and acted upon by the medical provider within 24 hours.

So that's a slightly different remedy than what I have talked about before. It's not one that's anything but informational. I'm hopeful that that will be sufficient to address that problem.

Performance Measure 45: On site diagnostic services will be provided the same day if ordered stat or urgent, and within 14 calendar days if routine.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: 45: Lewis, 87 percent; Tucson, 68 percent.

THE COURT: So the problem is that 87 percent for

Lewis follows a track record where there was only compliance in

two months in the last six months and with Tucson falling off

to 68 percent from 97, where we had the previous months 48, 71,

84, and 80. Again, this is not the kind of robust trend that

gives anybody the idea that you all got your hands on this. So

I'm going to impose the same measure that I imposed for

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1 Performance Measure 13, and that is that by the 17th of July that you report the numbers for both Lewis and Tucson with 2 3 respect to the number of people who did not receive the service 4 and will have an OSC as to why it is that the fine of \$1,000 should not be imposed for each of those failures to comply. 5 09:35AM With this fundamental stat or urgent and 14 days of routine, 6 7 that's not an arduous hurdle. And again, the numbers 8 demonstrate that for some reason over months and months and 9 months and months, you are not able to fix this on your own. 10 MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor? 09:36AM 11 THE COURT: Yes. MS. KENDRICK: On Performance Measure 45 the 12 defendants submitted a remedial plan for Lewis but they did not 1.3 14 submit one for Tucson, for what it's worth. 15 The second thing that I just would like to ask is 09:36AM 16 since the parties are going to have our next hearing with you 17 on July 14th, would it be possible to have this information 18 prior to the hearing rather than July 17th? 19 THE COURT: You know, it's a good point. And there's 20 no reason why we shouldn't accelerate it. So it will be the 30 09:36AM 21 days before the hearing, and I will expect those numbers to be 22 reported the day before the hearing in a filing that I have described that identifies the names in both redacted and 23 unredacted version under seal. 2.4

Well Performance Measure 46, I hope is -- it's:

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medical provider will review the diagnostic report, including pathology reports, and act upon reports with abnormal values within five calendar days of receiving the report at the prison.

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The numbers were horrid last time. Where do we stand for April?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Douglas at 73; Eyman at 22; Florence at 45; Lewis at 58; Perryville at 75; Phoenix at 70; Tucson at 64; and Yuma at 92.

THE COURT: So every facility except for Yuma went the wrong direction. Am I reading that right?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Florence increased. Lewis increased.

THE COURT: You are right. Florence, hardly congratulations there going from 12 to 45. And the other one you said that was improved was -- no. I don't see any others.

Okay. So the same measure as Performance Measure 13 for all of these facilities except for Yuma.

Now, turning to Performance Measure 47, which has been a focus of the Court and representation to the Court that turned out to be wholly untrue, I don't understand how that happened. I have read the affidavit. I have read counsel's statement. It's astonishing to me how I should trust any representation from the contractor here when counsel addressed a question of the contractor's representative here in court where it was plain what I was asking. And I was told that a

09:39AM

system would be up and running in two weeks. And then I learn in the affidavit that it hadn't even been bid yet. So how is that possible, Mr. Bojanowski?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Are you on the notice?

THE COURT: I'm on 47.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay. 47.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: The representation made to me in court based from them was it was their understanding that this was already any the pipeline and it was good to go. It was wrong. I represented to you what was given to me. In going back and checking with them, they then said, well, wait a minute, yeah, that was in the pipeline but it wasn't as high on the priority list as other things were for changes within the system.

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So what we did was we said, well, this has got to be your number one priority. We've got to get this in place. And so they bumped it all the way up. And it's my understanding this is going to be operational by June 22nd. So I apologize to the Court. I think there was a misunderstanding on the part of the representatives from Corizon. They knew it was being worked on. They were under the understanding that it was going to be operational within that 14-day time frame, and they were wrong. I don't know what else I can tell the Court except apologize for that. We certainly don't want to misrepresent

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anything to the Court. We're relying on the best information we've got.

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THE COURT: And lawyers are to be commended when they come forward and say that I was wrong. I said something I didn't understand. My question and my problem is a little bit broader, and that is that I had the representative of the contractor who heard what I was talking about, heard what I was addressing, and then gave this representation that also turns out to be wrong.

What it does is it raises the specter in my mind that a system, which I have already identified, has certain incentives to make sure that accurate information is not --well, that's the wrong way to put it. It's a system that does not incentivize on an economic term the provision of honest information. There's no benefit to someone who tells me everything is fine when, in fact, there is a real problem, meaning that if I'm -- if the Court's eyes are blinded to the real problem because of the representation that things are fine or things are being done, then it takes me off my assignment to try to make sure that I'm fixing the real problems.

Similarly, where people have an absence of care that allows them to represent something that they don't know for certain is true, it sends us on this errant falling of running down a blind alley that consumes resources and energy and distracts attention.

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my --

THE COURT:

And so there needs to be a ramping up of the care of information that is provided, the representations that are being made to the Court so that I can trust upon the system. Because otherwise it just means a much greater investment of not only my resources but also whenever I wade into an area I 09:43AM see also that will be more expensive for the defendants. And so everybody should be in mind that honest reporting to the Court, honest representations and especially taking care not to over represent. And that's, sadly, something that without suggesting bad motive is a reality of 09:44AM the case. I have heard over and over again that this is going to be addressed by a program that employs oftentimes the same words. We're going to talk to the people. We're going to make sure that the right person understands what they are supposed to get. And then subsequent months show the same errant 09:44AM numbers and the same representations are made so you kind of at a certain point start to think people aren't really listening what they are saying and not even believing it themselves. They are just words that are being given that don't seem to have a relationship to the reality. 09:44AM So this 47 issue is serious. You have now -- you said the 22nd of June it will be up? Is that what you said? MR. BOJANOWSKI: That's what I said. Let me given

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Guess again?

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: Let me double check, Judge, because I don't want to misrepresent something to the Court. I really don't.

THE COURT: Boy, this would be something I would want to double check about. Because once you have stepped off this, you know how it is.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: I know.

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mean, as you heard this, I mean, both sides have asked for affidavits back and forth and I have taken lawyers to get the presumption of rectitude and that what they say is not only true to the best of their understanding but also it's just not the result of a simple when is this going to happen? Oh, it's going to happen in two weeks. Oh, Judge, it's going to happen in two weeks without saying, how do you know? How do you know it's going to -- saying to the representative, how do you know it's going to happen in two weeks so you can vet it yourself so that you can make sure that when you stand up and put at risk your credibility to the Court that you have taken care of that and made sure that you are not going to overstep and end up on that branch that crashes to this horrible sound that just seems to echo forever.

All right. So the numbers for 47 then for April.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: I have Douglas at 100; Eyman at 41;

25 | Florence at 42; Lewis at 34; Perryville at 77; Phoenix at 86;

- Safford is a non-applicable; Tucson is 88; Winslow is 100; and Yuma is 63.
- THE COURT: And I gather there's no one in the courtroom right now that you can verify this June 22nd date?

5 MR. BOJANOWSKI: May I have a moment, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Surely.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: All right. Your Honor, I think I have a better picture here. They are rolling this out on the 22nd.

THE COURT: What's "rolling out" mean?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: It's going to be put out into the system, so to speak.

THE COURT: Well, does that mean that it will start to happen, that all --

MR. BOJANOWSKI: It will start to happen.

THE COURT: -- all medical providers will communicate the results of the diagnostic study to the inmate upon request and within seven calendar days of the date of the request? So that will happen starting on the 22nd?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Right. But what ends up happening with these modifications is that they put it into place and then if there's a, say, a glitch or a problem or there is some operational issue that arises, then, you know, they have to tweak it somewhat. But the idea is, is when you roll this — it's like any new program that you get when you give a person a

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new computer program, so to speak, it takes some time to get used to it, implement it, get it so that it's fully operational. But it's going to hit the system on the 22nd.

Is that accurate?

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THE COURT: And how long does it take for it to become fully operational?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: It's fully -- the computer system itself is fully operational. It's the other component of the system, the human being who is using it that, you know, when they start to use it, to make sure that what it is intended to do is actually going to occur.

THE COURT: All right. So on the 30th of June, the defendants will file a notice with the Court informing it about the implementation of this new measure to address the failures to satisfy Performance Measure 47, and that it will give me concrete unquivering statements about whether it's working or it's not. I don't want to hear rolling out, I don't want to hear moving toward implementation, I don't want -- if it's happening, tell me that. If it's not happening at that moment, tell me that. I want to know on the 30th of June exactly where we stand with respect to the efforts to address what is just, again, a shocking failure in a number of these facilities.

MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor?

24 THE COURT: Yes.

MS. KENDRICK: Plaintiffs have asked the Court

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| 1 | multiple times for further relief on this performance measure, | |
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| 2 | and I believe that in our filing on May 31st at Docket 2078, we | |
| 3 | proposed a low-tech, again, not rocket science solution that we | |
| 4 | would like to ask the Court to order the defendants to | |
| 5 | implement in the interim while they are implementing and moving | 09:51AM |
| 6 | forward. And that is the low-tech solution of having a human | |
| 7 | being be designated as responsible for handwriting out these | |
| 8 | communiques as requested and scanning them to the folder and on | |
| 9 | a weekly basis reporting to the Court all communiques that have | |
| 10 | been done by hand the low-tech way not with some eOMIS rollout | 09:51AM |
| 11 | implementation, whatever buzz word defendants care to use. | |
| 12 | THE COURT: Well, the eOMIS implementation, Mr. | |
| 13 | Bojanowski, will produce a printout of this report. It then, | |
| 14 | as I remember, you said that it would be, at first you said | |
| 15 | e-mailed, and I said really, the inmates have and you said | 09:52AM |
| 16 | no. And it sounded like you were telling me somebody would | |
| 17 | walk it to the person. Exactly how is that going to happen? | |
| 18 | MR. BOJANOWSKI: You are correct, Your Honor. It gets | |
| 19 | printed and into the inmate mail. | |
| 20 | THE COURT: And the inmate mail, how does that work | 09:52AM |
| 21 | exactly? | |
| 22 | MR. BOJANOWSKI: It's very similar to the way it's | |
| 23 | done in public. It's picked up by an officer and then | |
| 24 | delivered each day. | |
| 25 | THE COURT: To the cell? | 09:53AM |

1 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Right.

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THE COURT: Okay. And then the difference with the eOMIS system is that the -- you are cutting out the need for a human to identify the diagnostic studies that need to be communicated. Those are automatically generated, put in a place, and then they are distributed through the same mail system. Is that correct?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Yeah, I think so.

THE COURT: Can you check?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: What was your question again?

THE COURT: What I'm trying to understand is the benefit of eOMIS is that to the extent that this failure to comply with this performance measure has been due to the failure of someone to print out the diagnostic report and to put it into this mail route, the eOMIS system automatically generates the diagnostic report and spits it out at some point at a printer, I gather, and then those reports are then placed into the mail system. So eOMIS is doing the capturing of these diagnostic reports that need to be communicated.

MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor, they don't actually send the diagnostic test to the prisoners, because the prisoners can't possess their medical records. What they send them, we see them all the time scanned into prisoners' folders. They are a handwritten communique that says, Dear Mr. Jones, your lab tests are normal or your lab tests are negative, alarming,

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whatever, it's a handwritten note from the provider that is sent.

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THE COURT: Okay. That's a good question. So how does that fit with what the new plan is? How is it different, the new plan?

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: It's similar, but the idea is, is that -- and the goal here, is that instead of just communicating the results of the studies to the inmates upon request, the system, and the way we're going to do it, is all diagnostic studies, whether requested or not, are going to be then sent out in a batch to all the inmates who have had them so that regardless of whether you ask for it or not, you are going to get it.

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And so that's kind of the eOMIS, the difference between the eOMIS system that we're going to be doing and as was described earlier about having somebody handwrite a note to the inmate and then scan that note into the system so it could then meet this performance measure. This way we get all of the diagnostic study results out to the inmates so that they have that information. So it will include anybody that requests it.

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09:56AM

THE COURT: So is your expectation that on the 22nd of June, these diagnostic reports will be printed out by a printer at some place and then when they say Inmate Jones, they will be sent in the mail to Inmate Jones and she will receive it at her cell soon thereafter. Is that what you are thinking?

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: Right.

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THE COURT: All right. And so what you will do -- I appreciate plaintiff's suggestion but I'm going to give this a shot because it's imminent, it sounds like, you will start it on the 22nd. You will report to me on the 30th about whether it's working in the way that you described, and we'll then hopefully be done with this concern.

09:57AM

MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

MS. KENDRICK: If defendants discover on the 22nd that it's not operational or not being implemented could you order them to notify the parties and the Court sooner than the 30th, or are we going to wait eight days to get a filing that says it's still in process?

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: We don't anticipate a delay, but if the Court wants a notice saying that we have rolled it out, I'm willing to do that on the 23rd.

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THE COURT: Here's what I'm going to do. On the 30th you are going to tell me whether it's working or not. If it's not working, I want to know about that but I want to know what the situation is on the ground in the previous week. The 22nd to the 30th gives you this time to figure out what's happening. I want to be told, plaintiffs want to know, is it working on not? And if it's not working I know how before the next hearing to jump in on that and to get you on the phone and

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09:58AM

figure out what to do or issue an order addressing it.

Okay. Performance Measure 50: Urgent specialty consultations and urgent specialty diagnostic services will be scheduled and completed within 30 calendar days of the consultation being requested by the provider. For Florence, last report in March was 59. Where do we stand in April?

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: 50, did you say, for Florence?

THE COURT: Yes.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: 39.

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THE COURT: Okay. The same measure for 13 here as to 50, and that is, you will identify for me each one of the people -- I have heard that these consultation issues are apparently somewhat associated with the inability to get consultations because people won't do it for the amount you are willing to pay, you are going to have to figure out something else. You are going to have to go to the emergency room. You

09:59AM

else. You are going to have to go to the emergency room. You are going to have to do something. But you are going to have to comply with this performance measure. If you fail to you are going to have to tell me why you shouldn't be fined \$1,000 for failing to do so in each instance.

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Performance Measure 51: Routine specialty consultations will be scheduled and completed within 60 calendar days of the consultation being requested by the provider. We were on the bubble last month, and see where we are in April.

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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: For what facilities, Your Honor?
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              THE COURT: For Eyman, Florence, and Tucson.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Eyman, is at 94; Florence, is at 87;
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     Tucson, is at 74.
              THE COURT: So what are you doing about Tucson?
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     Tucson track record is not great.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: At Tucson, in May they increased
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     their capacity to utilize the telemedicine services. I'm
     assuming that's extra, additional units? They are also
     utilizing and they have begun to utilize the services of the
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                                                                      10:01AM
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     medical school in Tucson.
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              THE COURT: And when did that start? Also in May?
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: I'd say end of May.
              THE COURT: And when did the telemedicine start? Was
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     that end of May? Beginning of May?
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Same time and it was all part of one
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     overall plan.
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              THE COURT: All right. We'll watch and see what
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     happens with that measure.
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              Performance Measure 52, specialty consultation reports 10:02AM
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     will be reviewed and acted upon by a provider within seven
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     calendar days of receiving the report.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay. Florence, 46; Perryville, 95;
     Tucson, 85.
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THE COURT: Okay. The remedy for Performance Measure

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     13 will be employed for Florence for 52. That's because we are
     dropped off from the 52 in March to 46 in April. And we have a
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     history of never being compliant with this measure. So we'll
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     employ the mechanism that I have employed for Performance
    Measure 13.
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                                                                      10:04AM
              Performance Measure 54: Chronic disease inmates will
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    be seen by the provider specified in the inmate's treatment
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     plan no less than every 180 days unless the provider documents
     a reason why a longer time frame can be in place.
              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay. 54, you said, Your Honor?
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                                                                      10:04AM
              THE COURT: Yes, please.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: All right. Eyman, 60; Florence, 63;
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     Lewis, 86; Perryville, 97; Phoenix, 96; Tucson, 92; Yuma, 100.
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     Excuse me. Yuma, 90.
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              THE COURT: Could you repeat those? I may have gotten 10:05AM
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     confused where I placed them in the columns.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Eyman, 60; Florence, 63; Lewis, 86;
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     Perryville, 97; Phoenix, 96; Tucson, 92; Yuma, 90.
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              THE COURT: So Eyman, the 60, is roughly consistent
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     with how it's been performing. Florence is a dropoff of how
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     it's been performing. What does the State have to say about
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     that?
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: We don't have an answer for what
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     happened at Florence since we just got these numbers. So I
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can't really say what happened. I mean, certainly they have

shown compliance for a long period of time, but I don't know what happened in the past month.

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THE COURT: How about Eyman? What kind of specific remedial measure do you have in place there?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Your Honor, what we've done at Eyman is that there are now three additional providers that have been put into place. The process to hire them, obviously, takes quite a while. So it's been in the works for some time since they have to clear background and everything else.

They have started within the past week or so, so with the additional, I believe it's three providers, we're certainly hopeful that these numbers will start to climb. I mean, we showed a little bit of improvement at Eyman over the past few months, but we need to push that up just a little bit further.

As far as, like I said, Florence, we simply don't have an answer. I have to look back and see what was going on there.

MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor, for what it's worth, Eyman Performance Measure 54 was one of the performance measures and institutions that was subject to your November 2016 outside providers order, which this clearly shows that they are not in compliance with the Court's past order.

THE COURT: It just doesn't strike me as anything that is such a huge challenge to make sure that people with chronic disease are being monitored at a six-month interval. And it --

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the failure to do so seems like it can be readily redressed, that the failure to do this at Eyman is striking. The additional providers that you have talked about, again, more people, not a surprise to me as to why that would be necessary to address this kind of problem.

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So we'll continue to watch this and expect to have a better explanation next time on Florence if there's a continued departure here, and we'll look to see some result from these additional providers at Eyman.

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Performance Measure 66: In an IPC medical provider encounters will occur at a minimum of every 72 hours. The numbers last time were horrid.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Florence, 50 percent; Lewis, 100 percent; Tucson, 60 percent.

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THE COURT: So one wonders why it is that you can solve a problem that was the fact for all three of these in one facility and fail to solve the problem at Florence and do worse in Tucson.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: This is our medical provider encounters occurring at a minimum of every 72 hours for IPC inmates?

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22 THE COURT: Right.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: We found that at the Tucson facility, at least one provider was performing the encounters per the standard but was making the chart entries outside the required

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time frames. As a result, they are marked as non-compliant.

So what the doctor was doing was doing his rounds and then

apparently documenting it outside of the time frame. So he --

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THE COURT: The doctor is charting it outside the time frame or doing it outside the time frame?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Charting it outside the time frame. So the eOMIS, what happens with the eOMIS is when the doctor gets into it, it automatically puts a time and date stamp on it. So he may do -- say it's -- because it's a 72-hour situation, he may be, say, on hour 70, and he does his rounds but doesn't chart it until, say, hour 75. So what ends up happening is it's non-compliant.

THE COURT: You are saying there was one provider that was doing this. Do you know whether that's the responsible reason for the 60 percent number for Tucson? I mean, that doesn't really tell me anything. It doesn't tell me what you just said, doesn't tell me whether this happened in one instance or whether it happened in a greater number of incidents, happened in a majority number of incidents that could be responsible for this failure. Do you have any idea about that?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: I don't have any additional information except that we found that there was a provider doing it, and then we corrected that situation, so to make sure that they are putting these entries in per the standard.

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              THE COURT:
                          So that maybe explains Tucson, but we
     don't know, really. We just don't know. I certainly wouldn't
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     trust in that based upon what you have said because it could be
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     meaningful, it could be meaningless. I just don't know.
     Because this is one provider, and I don't know whether that
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                                                                       10:14AM
     provider didn't do this in one instance or 10 or whether others
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     did or didn't. But I guess that's not the explanation for
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     Florence.
              MR. BOJANOWSKI: I'm trying to nail that down right
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     now, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay. Thank you.
              MR. BOJANOWSKI: In order to address the situation at
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     Florence, instead of the rounds being every 72 they are
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     changing it to every 48. That way it will -- the rounds will
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     get done and it will get documented so we're not running into
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     the 72 hour situation.
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              THE COURT: And when did that start?
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Good question.
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              That started in May, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: When?
                                                                       10:15AM
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: In May.
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              THE COURT: But when?
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Oh. End of May, I'm sorry.
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              THE COURT: So what you are saying is end of May at
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     Florence only or everywhere?
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1 MR. BOJANOWSKI: It's just at Florence at this point. 2 I think we're going to see how it works at Florence. It may go 3 on beyond that. 4 THE COURT: So can I understand this exactly a little bit better? These people are in the in-patient facility, 5 10:15AM Is that who these people are? 6 right? MR. BOJANOWSKI: Correct. 7 8 THE COURT: And you are telling me that it's 50 percent of the people have not been seen by a medical provider 9 over a 72-hour time frame when they are in the hospital? 10 10:16AM 11 MR. BOJANOWSKI: No. THE COURT: Okay. And I'm using that as a rough 12 equivalent. Obviously if you are sick enough to be outside of 1.3 14 your cell and you are in an infirmary kind of situation, that's 15 sort of like the hospital but somebody is pretty sick. And so 10:16AM 16 I guess it's just amazing to me that there's no indication in 17 the chart that they have been seen by a medical provider over 18 the span of 72 hours in half these cases. 19 MR. BOJANOWSKI: This is one of those ones, Your 20 Honor, if the inmate is seen, okay, over the course of, say, a 10:17AM 21 month 50 times and they miss one, then the entire chart is 22 non-compliant. So it's one of those ones where there's no 23 partial credit given to --24 THE COURT: So somebody is sick enough to be in the

infirmary and you, over the course of 72 hours, there's no

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- charted indication that any medical provider has checked in on that person. And that means that you should get a pass on that person?
- 4 MR. BOJANOWSKI: No, you fail on that person. That's 5 my point.

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THE COURT: Yeah, but you just told me there's no partial credit. We only missed him for 72 hours. What could happen in 72 hours when somebody is in the infirmary? I don't think anything bad. That's preposterous, Mr. Bojanowski.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: I'm not saying that at all.

10:18AM

THE COURT: How else am I supposed to read that? You said you on get no partial credit for missing somebody over 72 hours when they are in your infirmary.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: If you miss that person you should not get credit.

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16 THE COURT: Right.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: And they don't. All right.

18 THE COURT: Yeah.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: So what I'm saying is --

THE COURT: But you just told me that this is not a big problem, Judge, because we saw them for 50 times over a month and we missed them for 72 hours. And I just can't fathom how you can run a healthcare facility and have somebody in an inpatient position and not see them for 72 hours.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: The IPCs are staffed 24/7. Okay. So 10:18AM

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              THE COURT: But there's nothing in the chart that
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     indicates that they were checked in on.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Well, they are checked by nursing
     staff all the time. But, you know, this is where a doctor sees 10:18AM
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     the patient.
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              THE COURT: You say doctor loosely, but you are always
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     enlarging what that means. It's dropping pretty low. I don't
     mean to denitrate anybody who does anything. You said doctor.
     Let's be clear. We're not talking about doctors. You want
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                                                                      10:19AM
     people to qualify as medical providers who are not doctors,
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     right?
              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Well, there are by definition other
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     people who --
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              THE COURT: They are not doctors. We know what a
                                                                      10:19AM
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     doctor is. That's somebody who has an M.D. after a name or
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     D.O. or doctor. The D means doctor. So that's what a doctor
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     is. But you are not saying this is qualified by doctors. I'm
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     sorry to be hostile about this but I'm a little bit --
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: It's okay, Your Honor.
                                                                      10:19AM
              THE COURT: -- fed up with these loose language when
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     you say a doctor when you and I both know --
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: It can be an LPN, too.
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              MS. KENDRICK: I certainly hope that's not an LPN.
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That's a licensed practical nurse.

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1 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Nurse practitioner. I'm sorry.

2 THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: Those types of people. So you are correct, Your Honor. I don't mean -- I'm not trying to play fast and loose here. So, you know, I'm trying to get -- I don't want the Court to have the impression that the IPC is not staffed. That's my point. I mean, there are people there all the time. They are people checking on the inmates all the time. This is one that requires a provider to check in with the inmate.

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THE COURT: That's what I'm doing. If you didn't have the requirement in the performance measure I wouldn't be talking about it. But you entered into a performance measure that says that a medical provider has to do this. And it just is astounding to me that if you agree to do it in 50 percent of the cases in April it didn't happen in Florence, and that in 10 percent of the cases it happened. So 90 percent of the cases before that, it happened in 40 percent. Before that it happened in 40 percent. No, I misspoke. For February it happened in 60 percent. In January it happened in 40 percent, and then in December, 40. And then in November, 84, and 96 and 100 before that.

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And I can't just, at some point, I cannot just say, looking over this situation, I can ignore the current abject failure because there was a previous demonstration. One of the

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reasons that I can't is because you entered into an obligation to do this all the time, not just on episodic like the moon rising and being a full moon a particular day.

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And also, there is what the plaintiffs have raised a reasonable understanding that in a land of scarce resources, the robbing Peter to pay Paul situation is real. And so I have got to stay on top of the situations where there is this dramatic falloff, and it's dramatic. And so, I mean, my remedy for this, for 66, was if you couldn't see them by a medical provider within the timeline, take them to the hospital so that 10:21AM they can be seen by somebody. Take them to the emergency room you haven't done that. And I think I have ordered you to do that.

So here I am in June, after having previously told you how this should be addressed, and what I'm hearing is that you really have no idea other than we missed it for 72 hours. I mean, really, the only explanation you have given me is we didn't get partial credit. Is there anything else you want to say? Well, what we'll do -- go ahead.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: We actually did look at the total number of encounters, you know, that occurred and how that, you know, when you talk about the 10 percent, I mean, we actually looked at that and found that there were 399 encounters out of 412 needed. So that's why you see a 10 percent. I mean, we actually looked at that. So it's --

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THE COURT: The problem is it's not like a brick wall that over 72 hours it's not going to fall down. No, it's not. It's been there for 30 years. It's going to be there for the next 30 years. But we're talking about people who have been determined that they need to be in an inpatient facility and 72 hours is really a huge period of time. Unfortunately, four minutes is a huge period of time, too, for somebody who is in that kind of situation.

MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor, you have made it crystal clear that they don't get partial credit. So I think that Mr. Bojanowski talking about that, that's really a red herring. And you previously ordered them to use outside providers for this performance measure which, clearly, they are disregarding your past order given these abject failures. While it's great Lewis actually finally hit 100 percent they certainly haven't been doing that great in the recent months.

So we again reiterate our request that the outside providers order applies to all of them and that they provide documentation as to every single individual in the hospital, not just a random sample of 10.

Furthermore, our expert discussed this performance measure at Paragraph 60 and 61. He critiqued their remedial plan which he described as, quote, "meaningless" and that it used vague language saying that they were going to ensure more resources. And that was their remedial plan in July and

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obviously it's not working.

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Dr. Wilcox offered some creative solutions that they could try implementing to make better use of provider time and to get rid of this excuse that it's just a documentation error including using scribes and dictation services to document that the encounters actually occurred.

10:24AM

He also notes that 72 hours is an outside ceiling on things and that people should be seen according to their acuity level. So some people may be so sick they need to be seen twice a day by a provider, so they shouldn't be having this sort of non-compliance if they are practicing good medicine and seeing people as necessary by their acuity level.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: This is also going to fall under, as I mentioned in the previous situation, there's the change in seeing the inmates from the 72 to a 48. So we're switching to the 48-hour rotation so that we don't miss things like, you know, maybe part of the problem was weekend coverage or something like that.

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THE COURT: But you said you are only doing that at one facility.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: At Florence, yeah, to pick that up.

MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor, we believe that this is such a critical performance measure to the life and safety of our clients that they should implement that at all four institutions including Perryville which you have not yet found

10:25AM

them non-compliant. But it's critical and if that's what it takes they should do it everywhere not just at one institution.

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THE COURT: I think a good way for me to incentivize the satisfaction of this performance obligation is to impose the mechanism for Performance Measure 13 for Performance Measure 66 as well. And I will do so for the three facilities, Florence, Lewis, and Tucson. Tucson -- I'm sorry, Lewis, although at 100 percent, the previous month it was at 60, and in February, it was at 20.

And so you will have to report to me before the next hearing about the number of people who did not receive the medical provider attention required by this performance measure, and then we'll consider whether or not a sanction should be imposed for the failure to comply. My hope is that the State's articulated measure of changing this 48 to changing for 48 hours for one facility perhaps will be employed at the others or that they will take other measures to make sure that this doesn't happen.

I gather, I don't know what kind of arrangement that it is for people to be seen by less expensive methods, but I would suspect that there probably are ways for people to be brought in to review a -- for a medical provider to be brought in to take a look at people to make sure that Performance Measure 66 is complied with that costs less than \$1,000 per patient. So I'm hopeful that that will be an economic

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incentive that will operate to the favor of seeing compliance
with this performance measure.

Performance Measure 80: MH-3A prisoners shall be seen a minimum of every 30 days by a mental health clinician.

5 | Hopefully we're still on a good trend here.

10:28AM

MR. BOJANOWSKI: That would be at Lewis and Tucson?

THE COURT: Yes, sir.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Lewis is at 92. Tucson is at 97.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. FATHI: Your Honor?

10:28AM

11 THE COURT: Yes.

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MR. FATHI: I would like to point out that for this measure and for many of the ones that remain to be discussed, the defendants are in violation of your orders on the monitoring methodology. And we have discussed that in our briefs and we have placed it on the agenda for today.

10:28AM

THE COURT: Right. And we -- I mean, what I understood, and I must say there's a bit of a disconnect on my understanding I thought I cleared those issues up. And I thought I heard Mr. Bojanowski last month say that they were going to do it.

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Tell me, Mr. Fathi, what are they not doing here with 80 that they should be doing?

MR. FATHI: Well, Your Honor, this is an issue that involves every measure that requires something be done

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periodically, so every X days. And the Court said in its order that the defendants have to look back at the last two occurrences and measure the interval. Were they -- was it done within 30 days or less or 90 days or less.

And, in fact, the defendants correctly incorporated the Court's order into their monitor guide. Their monitor guide is fine. It says you look at the last two instances and measure the interval.

THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to cut you off, Mr.

Fathi, just for a second. Part of the problem is that Mr.

Bojanowski is still trying to get up to speed on this issue

because I can tell he's talking to his expert about this. And

that's not really helpful because he's not hearing what you are

saying. I can't talk and listen at the same time.

But I just want to make sure that this issue is fully joined. So this is a convenient time for us to take a 10-minute break. That's what we'll do. Let's make it 15 minutes. We'll come back at 10:45. You will have a chance to do what you need to do but also if during this period of time the two sides would talk and make sure that you are not still at issue on this. And if you are, things will be better focused. But we'll come back at 10:45.

Thank you.

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(Recess from 10:30 a.m. until 10:48 a.m.)

THE COURT: Please be seated.

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1 I interrupted you, Mr. Fathi.

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MR. FATHI: Quite all right, Your Honor.

We were talking about 80 and all the other performance measures that require that something be done every X days. And the Court's order was very clear saying that for those performance measures you have to look at the last two occurrences and the interval between.

Here's what the defendants are doing. They are counting records as compliant without measuring that interval. They are counting records as compliant even when there's only one single contact in the person's entire record. And thirdly, they are counting records as compliant when the record can't possibly be found non-compliant. We have discussed this issue before. So, for example, MH-3As have to be seen every 30 days that's Performance Measure 80.

If someone has only been an MH-3 for 20 days, that record cannot possibly be found non-compliant but they are including those records in the sample, which as Dr. Haney explains is impermissible and falsely inflates the compliance levels.

Now, defendants did say in their brief that, well, yes, that was true as of the December CGARs about everything is different, but, in fact, Mr. Dye specifically was asked and specifically testified that in January and February CGARs, he was still counting records as compliant without measuring that

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interval, and he was still including in the sample records that couldn't possibly be found non-compliant.

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So we looked at the March CGARs which are the most recent ones that any of us have, and those results are set forth in the declaration of Ada Lin, which is Document 2089.

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So here's what they do: The person is admitted as a new prisoner to the Arizona Department of Corrections. As part of that intake process, that person is seen by a mental health clinician and assigned a mental health code. So let's say, again, it's an MH-3A. Someone who is MH-3A has to be seen every 30 days. What they do is they count that same initial contact when the person was made an MH-3A, the only clinician contact in the entire record, and they say that person was seen every 30 days. That's compliant with the performance measure. And that's just not permissible, Your Honor.

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So that's the dispute that we have on not only Performance Measure 80 but on all the measures that require every X days.

THE COURT: Mr. Bojanowski.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: I think Mr. Fathi admitted that the first contact is a contact. The person is seen. They are evaluated. They are given a treatment plan potentially --

THE COURT: How can you answer the question every 30 days when there's only been one contact.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: There's one contact within the 30 day

10:51AM

1 period. Otherwise what you are going to end up having is those -- it disincentivizes Corizon from seeing the person 2 3 within the 30-day period, say, of intake. Why would you do 4 that? Because if that record is not going to be counted compliance-wise, well, then, it would get thrown out. 5 10:51AM And I'm not as articulate on this issue as Mr. Fathi 6 7 is, and I have got Dr. Taylor here who maybe can better explain 8 it to the Court because I'm not as good describing what's going on as she would be. So I'd prefer, frankly, maybe to have her address the 10 10:52AM issue to you and maybe you could ask the questions of her as 11 12 opposed to me trying to interpret and it gets lost in the 1.3 translation. 14 THE COURT: That's fine. Go ahead, Doctor. 15 MR. FATHI: May we have the doctor sworn, Your Honor? 10:52AM 16 MR. BOJANOWSKI: She's already been sworn, so she can 17 continue. 18 THE COURT: Please step forward. The oath works when 19 we're in successive hearings. But because of the formality of 20 it, it is something that's worth doing. 10:52AM 21 (Dr. Taylor was sworn.) 22 THE COURT: Thank you.

Please have a seat in the witness stand. It's got a handy microphone.

NICOLE TAYLOR,

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a witness herein, having been first duly sworn by the clerk to speak the truth and nothing but the truth, was examined and testified as follows:

EXAMINATION BY THE COURT

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- Q. So I know you have heard my previous expressions of doubt about how it can be that something you are supposed to do every X number of days can be ascertained with respect to only looking at one contact. And Mr. Bojanowski has said that that is okay here; Mr. Fathi said it's not. And Mr. Bojanowski suggested that you are the person to ask as to why it is that it's okay from the State's perspective. So please.
- A. So strictly adhering to the every two, as I was explaining to Mr. Fathi over the break, would also exclude ones where they
- 14 have only had one contact and it was outside of time frames.
- Q. Wait a minute. I will ask you to -- I didn't catch what
 you just said and I'd ask you to say it again so I can try to
 get it. Thank you.
 - A. So strictly adhering to the requirement of two contacts in order to be able to evaluate a record would mean if they only had one contact but it was on the 95th day instead of 90th day we would remove that record also because we wouldn't have two contacts to compare. And that can put us into a problematic area.

I showed one to Mr. Fathi that is from the April audit on my phone that I had and said this is one that's

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$- exttt{CV}$ 12-601 - June 14, 2017 - Status Hearing - Examination by The Court-

- 1 | non-compliant because he became 3B, I think it was, on 2-15-15,
- 2 | didn't have a treatment plan until January of 2017. There's
- 3 only one treatment plan. But it's way overdue and, therefore,
- 4 | non-compliant. Those were also included in there. And I
- 5 | shared that with him and said strictly adhering to the every
- 6 | two would require that to be removed.
- 7 Q. I guess I don't understand why your example would mean that
- 8 a person who has been determined to be MH-3 who that
- 9 determination's been made but the treatment plan hasn't been
- 10 | put in place who hasn't been seen for 90 days why that person
- 11 | doesn't fall out also from being compliant?
- 12 A. They are not compliant. But we would have to remove their
- 13 record because there weren't two to compare. So what we had
- 14 | done and implemented in January is provided them start dates.
- 15 Q. All right. So what if we changed the rule so that it said
- 16 | that for people to be -- for compliance to be obtained under
- 17 | these performance measures that require actions within a
- 18 | certain number of days, you are in compliance if going back two
- 19 | months you find that there is a treatment -- there is treatment
- 20 offered or provided within the X number of days required and
- 21 | you are not in compliance if there has been no such treatment
- 22 provided.
- 23 A. So if I understand you, that would include people who have
- 24 a 90-day period.
- 25 Q. Right.

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- A. For instance and are seen on the 80th day of becoming whatever subcode that is.
- 3 | Q. That record would be counted as non-compliant?
- 4 A. They were seen on the 80th day. They have 90 days.
- 5 Q. Oh. They have 90 days, right.

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- A. So they would be counted as compliant. And then if they
 were seen on the 95th day they would be counted as
 non-compliant. That's what we have been doing.
- 9 Q. Well, no, because for the 90-day, I guess you are switching 10 from 90 to 30 and I'm not so facile at that. But the example 11 that I'm understanding is that if somebody is supposed to be 12 seen every 30 days and they become MH-3 designated on January

13 10th and they are not seen by February 9th then you know that

14 you have that record as not being compliant.

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And the problem is that if you look at the end of January and you see that they were seen on January 10th, you determined that they were seen within the period but you have no reference to go back to. So what I'm saying is you use two approaches simultaneously; one, you see whether or not there has been a possible previous date that you can march forward the requisite number of days, and you use that, and you also apply a mechanism that would allow you to capture as non-compliant the record that you describe under the 90-day scenario.

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I think I understand what you are saying. But I personally

1 believe that that deflates the scores.

resource is used for that.

Q. Say why.

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A. So if I'm going to ask Corizon to use their resource to see somebody as fast as possible, which is what I ask them to do, and so they are seeing them at the 30th day when they are a 90-day person, my preference is that they do that and that that

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If those are not files that I review to ensure that they are seen quickly when they come in, when they are changed in subcode, and instead, they are incentivized to wait until day 89, that's difficult for me. And so I would only be reviewing records that they did the wrong thing and not reviewing the ones they did the right thing and then providing you kind of half the story.

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Q. And that seems not to lack virtue, but why does that mechanism mean that I also have to create the problem of deeming as compliant somebody who has only been seen that month, but we have no record of whether or not this is an example of what we're concerned about, and that is somebody whose got an ongoing problem who is supposed to be seen every 30 days and we want to make sure we're looking at those records to see if we're capturing those failures.

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A. I would only be giving you half the story. When I'm giving you a percentage of compliance but I'm only looking at ones

25 | that are not in compliant and removing any that are compliant

- 1 I'm only -- I'm not giving you an actual compliance report
 2 anymore.
 - Q. But the measure is designed to report to me about whether or not we're seeing people on a regularized interval.

5 Mr. Fathi, do you want to jump in at this point?

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MR. FATHI: Yes, Your Honor. Dr. Haney explained this twice in his declaration. If you are trying to test whether the defendants are compliant, you have to have a sample that includes records that at least show the possibility of non-compliance. It had to be possible for them to be non-compliant. So if someone has become an MH-3 20 days ago, and they are supposed to be seen every 30 days, that record cannot possibly be non-compliant. It could be, under the methodology Dr. Taylor explains, it's going to be compliant or

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methodology Dr. Taylor explains, it's going to be compliant or if the person isn't seen it's going to drop out of the sample. But it will never be non-compliant. And if you have a sample

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But it will never be non-compliant. And if you have a sample
that consists entirely of records like that you are guaranteed
18 100 percent compliance.

a declaration that has not been contradicted, you simply exclude from the sample records that, because of the timing, couldn't possibly be found non-compliant. And if someone is supposed to be seen every 30 days and they have been there for

a year and they have only been seen once, obviously that's

So what you do, and again, Dr. Haney explains this in

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25 non-compliant. I think the Court understands this.

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every 90 days.

But it's just fundamental to sampling methodology you have to exclude all records from the sample that could not possibly be found to be non-compliant. I think we have a fundamental disagreement on this. I think the Court's going to have to resolve it.

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THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. Could I share one more thing? Mr. Fathi is suggesting most of them are in the category he is describing and, in fact, most of them are in the category that the start date is when they became that mental health code. Mental health codes transition with acuity. So they are doing really well, their mental health subcode decreases. They start to have more problems, their mental health subcode increases.

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So a number of the individuals have two contacts within the time frames required. But we're only looking back to when they became that subcode. So what I offered to Mr. Fathi was we can remove the start date when they became the subcode. Because if your concern is an MH-3B being seen every 90 days, and I have one contact when they were a D and one contact when they were a B, the answer is yes, they were seen

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We had included the start date to assist them. What it's done is create this suggestion that they are not being seen every X but most of the time they are moving within the

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subcodes and getting the every X through that, if that makes

- 1 sense.
- 2 BY THE COURT:
- 3 Is there a way to address that particular unfairness?
- 4 We can remove the start date. And so the start date was

just -- it was to assist us because treatment plans require us 5

to go back two years. That meant we were going into a lot of 6

7 paper records and with the three of us that is very

8 challenging. And so if we were looking back to when they

became an MH-3B as opposed to and MH-3 in general, it made it a

little bit easier. 10

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We may have to include some start dates, because if they became an MH-4, for instance, they need an every 30-day contact. But when they were a B they only needed an every 90-day. So we would want to indicate that to them when that did transition into every 30 so we know they are looking at

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16 every 30 now not every 90.

17 MR. FATHI: Your Honor, we would strongly object to

18 removing the start dates because it's the inclusion of the

19 start dates that made it possible for us to see they were

20 counting files that could not possibly be non-compliant. And

21 as we show in the declaration of Ada Lin, these are not people

whose score has changed. These are people who are new into the

23 system and they are counting the one and only contact they have

24 had and saying, oh, that's every 30 days. That's compliant.

So what Dr. Taylor has said has nothing to do with the 11:04AM

1 large majority of cases. If someone is in the MH-3A sample and 2 they have been seen twice and it's within -- those two 3 instances are within 30 days then that's compliant. Even if 4 the first time they were seen they had a different mental health code, we don't care about that. What we care about is 5 meeting the requirements of the performance measure for the 6 7 mental health code they are now. But it is fundamental that 8 they cannot include files that cannot possibly be found non-compliant. And as I said, I think we need a ruling from 10 the Court on that.

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THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

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Thank you, Dr. Taylor. I appreciate it.

Well, as you all have heard me say before, I do not see how it is that it's helpful for me to have a performance measure defined by something that doesn't give me what that performance measure is supposed to focus on, and that is whether or not there's this regularized performance of a service. And these measures that require things to be done within a certain number of days are designed exactly to do that.

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And so as I have said before, it seems to me, as Dr.

Haney has said, that it is appropriate to remove from

consideration files that cannot possibly be deemed

non-compliant so that I'm making sure that I'm getting a full

picture of the ones that could be demonstrating the failure of

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a performance measure.

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so I thought I had made that clear before, but I'm making it even clearer now. And I'd ask, Mr. Fathi, if you would kindly, in a week's time, submit draft language for the monitoring manual. The only reason I suggest, even though you say I have already done this, that I ask that you do this in this process, is to in a week's time if you would submit that so that the defendants can have a week to try to, given what I have just said, to import into it any additional modification that perhaps might be acceptable to plaintiffs to address what is their concern about removing files that they should get credit for.

And so if you would do that, and then on a seven-day and seven-day basis, and then the plaintiffs can have an opportunity to reply in seven days. And then I will issue a written ruling specifying what it is and we'll know for certain. But I'd like to do it that way.

MR. FATHI: Thank you, Your Honor. Just to be clear, this is language about excluding cases that cannot possibly be found to be non-compliant?

THE COURT: Correct. Correct.

MR. FATHI: Thank you.

THE COURT: Yes. Right.

So now are we to Performance Measure 85? Can you give

25 | us the April numbers, please?

11:07AM

-CV 12-601 - June 14, 2017 - Status Hearing-1 MR. BOJANOWSKI: I don't think I gave you --2 THE COURT: 80? 3 MR. BOJANOWSKI: 80. 4 MR. FATHI: You did. THE COURT: You did. 5 11:07AM MR. FATHI: At the risk of being a broken record, Your 6 Honor --7 8 THE COURT: I understand that. Totally understand 9 that. 10 MR. BOJANOWSKI: So we're on 85, Your Honor? 11:07AM 11 THE COURT: Yes. MR. BOJANOWSKI: Eyman, 100; Florence, 100; Lewis, 96; 12 1.3 Perryville, 94; Tucson, 89; and Yuma, 98. 14 THE COURT: Mr. Bojanowski, have you happened to have 15 run the numbers using the method that you hear me favoring, and 16 that is removing the records that could not possibly be deemed 17 non-compliant? 18 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Hold on. Are you just speaking 19 generally for all measures, or are you speaking about this 20 measure? 11:09AM 21 THE COURT: Well, let's talk about this one first. 22 MR. BOJANOWSKI: This measure is being measured, as 23 the Court has suggested, so that the start date is the 24 discontinuation date of the med and then they calculate the 25 number of days. 11:09AM

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THE COURT: All right. How about the previous one that we were talking about, 80: Shall be seen a minimum of every 30 days.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: That one includes individuals who are on both sides of it, ones that were seen from the start date within or before the 30 days and then those that were also non-compliant files that were found to be non-compliant outside the 30-day window.

MR. FATHI: Your Honor, if I may, at -- in our opening brief on the methodology, Document 2046 at Page 30, we cite examples from the January 2017 CGARs where the sample for Performance Measure 85 includes patients who discontinued medications that same month in January so, therefore, less than 30 days before the sample was taken.

Now, if that's changed, that's great news, but again, we would like a declaration to that effect. Because as of the January 2017 CGARs, they were still including, for Performance Measure 85, files that could not possibly be found to be non-compliant.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: And he's referring to January. I think that, you know, the February/March -- is there some issue with February or March, Mr. Fathi?

THE COURT: We just want to know when it is that we can know the numbers are as you represented, and that is, they are employing the methodology of excluding records that cannot

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1 possible be non-compliant.

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DR. TAYLOR: To give you an exact date, I can review the CGARs and give you an exact date. But it is definitely being implemented as we discussed where they have had to come off meds the month before we're auditing so that they would fall due the month we're auditing.

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MR. FATHI: Your Honor, could we get production of the instructions that were given to the monitors to that effect?

Because, again, if this is news, we welcome it but we would like some verification.

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DR. TAYLOR: I do all the MH-3Ds myself. I'm doing those right now. So I'm the monitor who is doing that.

THE COURT: And so you are saying that this -- what month can we know for sure that those numbers reflect this method?

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DR. TAYLOR: I would need to review the CGARs. I can do that while we're here in court on my mobile phone.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

Performance Measure 92: MH-3 and above prisoners who are housed in a maximum custody -- in a maximum custody shall be seen by a mental health clinician for a one-on-one or group session a minimum of every 30 days.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Eyman, 100; Florence, 90; Lewis, 95; Perryville, not applicable; Tucson, not applicable.

THE COURT: All right. Sorry to interrupt, Dr.

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1 Taylor, what you are working on. But what about 92? Do you 2 know what it is the method you are employing there and when? DR. TAYLOR: So we provide them a start date when they 3 4 arrive into the max custody facility, and so it would include individuals who have been there less than 30 days but also 5 11:13AM include ones who have been there longer than 30 days and have 6 7 not yet been seen. 8 THE COURT: So all of these numbers that we have currently employed a methodology that is now you know 9 10 disfavored. 11:14AM DR. TAYLOR: But again, it does include people who may 11 have had a contact just before they went into max and we 12 didn't -- so they would still potentially have the 30-day 1.3 14 contact span but we have not been providing that to you guys 15 and can't is what I'm --11:14AM 16 THE COURT: That's one of the tweaks that I thought 17 that maybe you could employ to what Mr. Fathi could propose to address that kind of an issue. 18 19 DR. TAYLOR: Understood. 20 THE COURT: Performance Measure 93: Mental health 11:14AM 21 staff not to include LPNs shall make weekly rounds of all MH-3 22 and above prisoners who are housed in maximum custody. 23 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Eyman, 95; Florence 100; Lewis 100; 24 Tucson, not applicable.

MR. FATHI: Your Honor, I should point out that there

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- are additional methodological problems with some of these measures.
- 3 THE COURT: Are they ones on the agenda?
- 4 MR. FATHI: Yeah, so I'm happy to leave those for

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- THE COURT: I have addressed some of those so I will get to that. But thank you.
- 8 MR. FATHI: Thank you, Your Honor.

And I gather for 93, those are also subject to your -
to the State's previous, well, the State's challenged method of

counting. Is that correct?

DR. TAYLOR: No. On that one it's a weekly contact and so if they have been there, as per what we discussed, they had to have been there for a full week before we could use them.

11:16AM

- THE COURT: Was court reporter able to hear?
 - If you could move closer to a microphone because she is relying upon the microphone with the headsets so et helps to do that, to use microphones.
 - DR. TAYLOR: I apologize.

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- 21 THE COURT: It's all right. You didn't know.
- 94: All prisoners on a suicide or mental health watch shall be seen daily by a licensed mental health clinician or on weekends or holidays by a registered nurse.
- MR. BOJANOWSKI: Eyman is at 100; Florence at 47;

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     Tucson at 88.
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              MR. FATHI: And Perryville?
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Perryville at 93.
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              THE COURT: What about Florence?
              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Your Honor, this is the one where
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     there was, I think, problems with regard to documentation that
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     Dr. Calcote went out and did a training on that you had
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     requested.
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              THE COURT: Right. Right.
              MR. BOJANOWSKI: At the last one. He has completed
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                                                                       11:18AM
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     that.
              THE COURT: He said he was going to do it by the end
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     of May.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: That was completed. He went to all
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     of the facilities, even those that are not subject to
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     non-compliance and did trainings. And he submitted an
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     affidavit or declaration, I should say, to that effect,
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     indicating the topics as far as assessments of the need for
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     suicide watches, suicide risk factors, intake assessments,
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     watch assessments, criteria for release from watches, suicide
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     watch follow-ups and treatment planning, clinical treatment of
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     suicidal ideation, inspiring hope and documentation,
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     requirements for compliance with the stipulation for
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     performance measures. So all of those topics were included in
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     those training sessions that started on May 16th and finished
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on May 23rd.

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THE COURT: Mr. Fathi, I know that your expert is skeptical of this kind of training that doesn't seem to fit within the normal course of training, but in some ways I think it may be better. I have the person who is in charge telling me that he will go and show up to each of these facilities and tell them in no uncertain terms that this needs to be done. And I would think that would have a more dramatic impact, logically would make me think would have a more logical impact than any other training program.

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So I'm inclined to look to see what the results of the assessing this performance measure are after we have results from when these visits took place.

MR. FATHI: Well, it's not either or, Your Honor. Dr. Stuart specifically recognized that verbal coaching can be helpful, but it is completely unheard of in a multi-billion dollar government agency in 2017 not to write anything down.

And Dr. Stuart explains why that's particularly dangerous in a prison healthcare system where you have a lot of turnover, you have use of locum staff, and so you have constantly coming into the system people who aren't familiar with procedures and protocols. And that's why you write things down.

This is a measure that is specifically to protect people who are suicidal. And the four suicides that ADC experienced in a 20-day period brings home to us the importance

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of protecting this particularly vulnerable population.

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Florence has been non-compliant on this measure for every month since December with a single exception. And now they have actually dropped from 60 percent to a truly abysmal 47 percent. This is a measure where the Court should not take chances. We would ask that you extend the Performance Measure 17 remedy to Florence on Performance Measure 94.

THE COURT: Well, here's what I'm going to do. I'm going to ask that the following be provided to Dr. Calcote, and that is that I appreciate the affidavit which demonstrates that he did do what he said he would do; that he did visit the facilities and explain that this performance measure needed to be complied with in every instance.

But I also want him to be able to see the lines of the transcript above what I'm saying now in which the plaintiffs' counsel has raised a point articulated by the plaintiffs' expert in which they are concerned that in a system that does have many, many employees and a high level of turnover that this visit be effective; this visit, which I appreciate again, may be ephemeral, and that there be some methods that should be imposed to make sure it's not so ephemeral and that it does have a longevity that can make sure that we do not get into a situation where we are at a compliance rate that has been previously reported and that, perhaps, could have addressed the loss of life that has recently happened.

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1 So I would ask that this transcript portion be 2 provided to Dr. Calcote, and that he provide a supplemental 3 affidavit with respect to his view as to what can be done, what 4 the Court should do to make sure that the message that he communicated in person was and will be followed and heard by 5 11:23AM people who may not have been in the room when he said those 6 7 words. Thank you. Is Performance Measure 98 next? And this is: Mental 8 9 health HNRs shall be responded to within time frames set forth in the mental health treatment mental health technical manual 10 11:23AM 11 Chapter 2, Section 5.0. 12 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Number 98: Eyman, 100 percent; Florence, 100 percent; Lewis, 95 percent; Winslow, 70 percent. 1.3 14 THE COURT: State's reaction to the 70 percent to 15 Winslow? 11:24AM 16 MR. BOJANOWSKI: What happened was the HNRs were 17 submitted in Winslow. The inmates are transferred to Tucson 18 and then the inmates are put into the queue for being seen. 19 And then they fall outside the 14-day limit because Tucson 20 doesn't pick up on the need to get that person processed 11:24AM 21 quicker. And then it falls back on to Winslow as being counted 22 against Winslow even though that inmate is no longer there 23 because they were transferred. 24 And there were a total of 10 HNRs that were evaluated, 25 so -- because the population, the mental health population at 11:25AM

1 | Winslow is so small.

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THE COURT: Everybody who identifies a problem gets transferred to Tucson, I gather?

DR. TAYLOR: Correct, and they put them in the queue behind the ones they are tracking down at Tucson because they came down later and they started their time frame from then.

And they ended up getting seen a couple of days outside of the 14 because they put them in the back of their queue.

THE COURT: And it just strikes me that if someone in the medical staff at Winslow has decided that this is such a situation that requires the transfer of the inmate to a facility that has the ability to deal with this particular circumstance, that maybe it's not so great to have that person be at the end of the queue because of the instability that is imposed upon somebody's movement from their home, and the inmates do view their cells as their homes, that can be, I think, a serious issue.

So I wonder, is there a way to make sure that we can comply with this performance measure even for these people who are transferred?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: It's a matter of making sure that the facilities are communicating with one another as far as the transfers are concerned. And I think the issue is when these guys get moved they need to be put in the front of the line instead of the back of the line at Tucson.

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THE COURT: Has anybody taken steps to do that?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: The short answer is yes, but I'm

getting a more detailed overview.

THE COURT: Take your time.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: So what they have done now is they have established a person who is at the Corizon Central Office that's is in charge of tracking this to make sure that person is seen within time frames.

One of the other things that is a backup kind of plan or may also come into play is some telepsych that can be used to perhaps address it before the actual transfer takes place so if the person has put the HNR in, we could potentially see that person prior to transfer because it does take some time to get a person moved.

So those are the things that are being looked at in this instance. It's a, like I said, it's usually a very small group of individuals that fall into this. But we do want to make sure that they are seen within time frames and get them into the front of the line upon transfer or into a telepsych before they are actually moved.

THE COURT: Well, I have to really drill down to make sure that I understand what is happening now and what is sort of anticipatory, because there's both things there. I had asked what steps had been taken to be sure that they are put in the front of the line when they are moved to Tucson. And your

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     first statement was so what they have done now is they have
     established a person who is in -- who is at the Corizon central
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     office who is in charge of tracking this to make sure that
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     person is seen within the time frames. That's operational
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     right now?
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              DR. TAYLOR: Yes.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Yes.
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              THE COURT: And you have told me there are other
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     things that are being looked at as a backup and that's a
     process that's not been implemented yet but it's ongoing?
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                                                                       11:29AM
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: It's apparently been used in the
    past. Then they stopped doing that, and now they are going to
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     do it again.
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              THE COURT: The things that have been done in the past
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     are which things?
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: I'm speaking as to the telepsych
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     only.
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              THE COURT: All right.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: So they had a system in place that
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     they had used in the past. They went away from that, and then
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     they are going to bring that on line again.
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              THE COURT: When?
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              DR. CALCOTE: This week.
              THE COURT: This week?
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Yes, sir.

DR. CALCOTE:

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1 THE COURT: All right. And the Corizon oversight 2 process is, you are sure, happening now, that somebody is 3 looking to every person who is transferred for mental health 4 reasons from Winslow to Tucson is being watched to make sure that they will be seen within seven days? 5 11:30AM MR. BOJANOWSKI: Correct. 14 days. 6 7 THE COURT: 14 days. Yes. 8 MR. FATHI: Your Honor, may I respond? THE COURT: Yes. MR. FATHI: I am disturbed to hear the defendants 10 11:31AM repeatedly referring to 14 days. The requirement imposes 11 12 different time frames for HNRs of different urgencies. 1.3 THE COURT: I don't know because I don't have that 14 manual in front of me, so I appreciate this clarification. 15 MR. FATHI: Understood, Your Honor. But given the 11:31AM 16 defendant's history of non-compliance with this measure we are 17 concerned if they are only looking at 14-day HNRs. We will 18 investigate it and certainly advise the Court if there's a 19 problem. Some HNRs do need to be responded to immediately; 20 some within 24 hours and so on. 11:31AM 21 THE COURT: All right. MR. FATHI: One additional point is that the 22 23 defendants, and this is a separate agenda item, propose to eliminate the HNR boxes at a number of facilities, one of which 24

is Winslow. So their ability to comply with this performance

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measure would certainly be affected if they were to get rid of the HNR boxes. And, again, we're happy to discuss that under the separate agenda item. But I did want to mention that connection for the Court.

THE COURT: It's a nice segue and also amplifies what my original concern is when I saw that, is because there are a number of provisions in the stipulation, or in the performance measures, that are triggered that are put in play by this HNR deposit of a request and that I think the parties are free to modify by agreement how to go forward. But both sides have been rather strident with me at different times when it's in their favor to say the rules are the rules.

And so if it says, the HNR, you can't decide that a performance measure that requires this thing to be monitored by when an HNR is deposited you can't just remove the mailbox unilaterally. You could bilaterally if you agreed upon it, and it may make sense to do all sorts of things like that in a different area where things change, technology changes. We have made changes with respect to medical records.

But this is a problem for the mechanism that is in place for me to know when an action is triggered when I start the clock. And I don't have any other way to start the clock. And so I'm -- I need to hear how it is that I have an assurance that the performance measure that was going to let me know whether or not a requirement of the stipulation was being

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satisfied is going to fail now because a single side has decided to remove the triggering mechanism.

So this is an important issue. It's on the agenda, and maybe we can turn to it now.

Mr. Bojanowski.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: Your Honor, we're not removing HNRs.

THE COURT: The boxes aren't coming away?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: No, the boxes are gone. The HNR is still in place. The inmate takes the HNR right to the medical unit. The HNR is processed just like it usually is.

THE COURT: So they get docketed in the same way?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Right. The only difference is how does the HNR make it from the inmate to medical.

THE COURT: I see.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Is it picked up by medical each day or is it actually hand delivered by the inmate. We removed the boxes such that we can process the HNRs immediately. It's kind of like going to an urgent care clinic.

THE COURT: The immediate problem has been raised by the plaintiffs before. They say that sometimes the line is so long that somebody just can't possibly do it. Either they are too sick or they are called away to another obligation or something. There have been these workability issues that have been raised. I don't know what's happening on the scene but the plaintiffs may well. So I just -- I'm sorry to interrupt

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you, but I wanted to drop a footnote on your use of the word immediately because it seemed to me that the HNR box allowed that to happen for the thing to be date stamped in. We knew what the time was. But if somebody shows up with a piece of paper and the line has 50 people in it and you can't get to the person to hand the piece of paper to, then I have got a problem with deciding whether or not it's fair to allow you to modify the mechanism that started the clock.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: That's simply not the way it's functioning.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay. I mean, we don't have people that are not being seen. Anybody that's in line is going to be seen. If there's an emergency situation it's handled as it always has been. There's an emergency declared and the person is taken to medical.

As far as people working, the med lines are structured and the work things are structured so that those people have the opportunity to go to medical, in other words, person leaves for work at 6 a.m., they come back at 2, their med line opportunity is from, say, 3 to 6 so they can go after work. Some people work the afternoon shift, so to speak, so they can go in the morning. But all of that is by facility and unit scheduled and structured so that the availability of getting down to the medical unit is there for people who want to do it.

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Now, if you choose to go to a programming event instead of going to medical, I don't know how we cure that, okay. But it's one of those things where there's a certain level of responsibility upon the inmate to say, look, I'm sick or I need something. I need to go see the medical unit. And so I can go down there with my letter HNR already filled out and I can see that nurse. Do I have to wait? Yes, I may have to wait, or I'm first in line. I may not have to wait so long. So, you know, but everybody that's in line is seen. And my information is that we're not having people turned away because they can't be seen.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: Medical staff is instructed specifically, you need to see everybody in line.

THE COURT: I don't know that we have heard exactly something contrary to what you have just said but we have heard some sentiments expressed about workability issues that the plaintiffs have observed in their monitoring capacity. Maybe you can give us an update on that.

MS. KENDRICK: Well, Your Honor, it's not just what we have observed. Attached to the declaration that's at Docket 2106 is a letter that I sent to Mr. Bojanowski on May 17th in response to their unilateral announcement that they were removing these boxes. And I cited to and included documents from three different institutions where they talked about how

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their little open sick line was affecting people who work.

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We attempted to resolve the situation with a meet-and-confer telephonic conference before this hearing, and again, we got these avowals of counsel that, oh, don't worry. They are seen before they go to work. They are seen after they 11:38AM go to work. We said great, give us schedules. Well, the schedule's written down. Nothing is written down. We were just told, oh, trust us. They are written down.

And we vociferously object to this unilateral modification. Our expert goes on at length, Dr. Wilcox, how this is used to reduce accountability. And requiring people to go and sit for 8 or 10 hours in a clinic with 50 other people when they have an HNR that says: I'm having bad thoughts. I would like to see my mental health provider or my tooth aches is beyond absurd. And it's putting so much barrier on accessing care for our clients.

He says he doesn't have any proof that people are being turned away. They have no way to document it because they count the HNRs that are received and processed. That's why they are suddenly doing so great on Performance Measure 37.

THE COURT: Have you watched during your tours this open line?

MS. KENDRICK: Yeah, we have watched the open clinic. And despite their assurances in open court that they run 7 to 7, seven days a week, we went on multiple yards where they said 11:39AM

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they were a few hours in the morning on one part of the yard and then a few hours in the afternoon on another part of the yard. We talked to multiple nurses about that.

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It's very difficult to take any of these vague assurances with any sort of credibility that it's true. There's absolutely no written documentary proof. And I think at this point, it's a little hard to trust assurances that people are being seen, things are being done. Nothing is magically being written down. So again, we object in no uncertain terms to their removal and we ask the Court to order them to put the boxes in all of those yards where they removed them on Monday.

both a chance to address this at our next hearing, set an evidentiary hearing and ask that I have the people from the floor, so to speak, here. The nurses who tell me, whether they be nurses or not, but plaintiffs certainly used the word "nurses" so you have apparently spoken to somebody. So maybe you have an idea of the type of person if not the individual person who would be the right person to have testify in court about what it is that the reality is happening and whether or not it's, as plaintiffs say, people are sitting for eight hours or what I'm getting from defense counsel that that never happens or, on the other hand, in a different subject, whether or not there is this limited number of access hours that are

permitted.

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And so I think we need to understand better about what's happening on the scene. And so that, to me, is a suggestion that the best way to do that is to have an evidentiary hearing addressing the subject. But as I say, I will give you each an opportunity to address my proposal.

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MS. KENDRICK: That's fine, Your Honor, but we would ask that in the interim you order them to put those boxes back in. Our office has received a lot of mail recently from prisoners who received this notice that we filed with the Court from Director Ryan going to all prisoners informing them that the boxes are going to be removed. And our clients are expressing grave concerns about what's going on. I mean, I read three letters in the past week that said, Ms. Kendrick,

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So we're hearing loud and clear from our clients that they are concerned that this unilateral removal of the boxes is going to impact their access to receive medical, dental, and mental healthcare.

what are you going to do about this?

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THE COURT: I see. And these boxes they are talking about have already been removed or are going to be removed?

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MS. KENDRICK: Yes, sir. According to the notice that Mr. Bojanowski sent me on May 15th, it's attached as Exhibit 2 to my declaration. It's Docket 2106-1, electronic case filed page Number 12. And it says -- it's signed by Charles L. Ryan

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and it says, "Effective June 12th, 2017, ADC will no longer utilize the HNR box in processing general health needs requests for minimum and medium state-operated units. Following the removal of the HNR boxes from these areas, inmates seeking medical attention must report to the health unit with a completed HNR where they shall wait to be seen by a daily nurses' line."

THE COURT: Well, so the people who wrote that letter are all people who are fearful that the new system will be one that will have all the horrors that you described and not one that will have all the benefits and the absence of the horrors that Mr. Bojanowski describes.

MS. KENDRICK: I didn't hear any benefits.

THE COURT: The benefit is you are seen immediately. You are seen that day.

MS. KENDRICK: That's what they represent. I would

say the horrors besides the lack of barrier to care is exactly what you identified, is that so many of these monitoring performance measures are keyed off of HNR submission and wait times. And our expert, Dr. Wilcox, described the fact that he thinks that this is a blatant attempt to avoid accountability and eliminate the only audit trail that exists about requests for care. There's no way to show how many times somebody requested care if the only HNRs that are scanned to the records are when they were actually successfully seen.

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obviously, I can find out, I think, about whether as a practical matter people are not able to make it to survive the line, so to speak, long enough if the line is so long that they can't possibly be seen. So I think I can answer that question, because your supposition also assumes that I can't trust the HNR box system itself, that if they are using it as a mechanism to try to escape accountability, why don't they just take all the HNRs and throw them in the trash when they were in the box.

So we trust that they don't do that, so we trust here that when people get to the front of the line that they hand the HNR and we have to look and see whether or not it becomes a deterrence to the component that is important upon the parties' agreement, and that is the monitoring of knowing whether something that's triggered by the HNR is no longer able to be gauged because the HNR process or the -- yeah, the HNR process is frustrated.

MS. KENDRICK: Well, Your Honor, again, there's just no audit trail. There's no way to know who was not seen. And, you know, Mr. Bojanowski dismissed people who might choose programming over going and sitting in nurses' line for eight hours. But a lot of prisoners are doing programming that is court-ordered or that will need to be reviewed by a parole board when they are exiting. We have people working. Granted they are making 15 cents an hour, but they have jobs. And they

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are going to have to not report to work, not report to education, not report to their substance abuse classes because they have to sit and wait. So we think it's unreasonable to put this requirement on there.

The other thing is there are people who do not need to 11:46AM be seen by a nurse to be triaged. When they use the triage -triage them by paper, if somebody put in an HNR that had to do with mental health or dental, they were not seen a nurses' line and charged \$4. It was referred to the dental department or mental health department who then docketed the individual. So the triaging occurred on the paper in those cases. It's not necessary for every single person to come and sit at nurses' line and pay \$4 for the pleasure of doing that when they are submitting an HNR that's about mental health or dental care. A nurse cannot do anything about a toothache or somebody who is feeling depressed and needs to talk to their counselor.

THE COURT: All right. Go ahead. I will let you finish, Mr. Bojanowski.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Like I said, Your Honor, we're not eliminating HNRs. There is an audit trail. The HNR is still processed in the same fashion, even with the boxes. I mean, they are still going to wait in line. They still have to show up the next day and wait in line to be treated. So the waiting in line, missing work, whatever, you know, they are going to have to be in the medical line either the day of that they can

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get treated immediately or the day after, after they are --

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indicate that is the case.

THE COURT: But that medical line under the old system is managed. It's triaged. You are telling the person when to come back at a particular time so they think they can see that person with the reasonable amount of time.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: So say it's mental health thing that's not urgent. Instead of seeing the nurse right away, the person is — they take the paper and they are not seen within five days. So, you know, it's a matter of being able to manage the inmate population so that they are seen right away and there is accountability there the idea being that, look, if I have got the HNR I can go there and I can wait for a couple of hours. I am unaware of anybody waiting eight hours. I am unaware of anybody not being seen in the line when they go to the line. And I have not seen anything from plaintiffs that

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We believe that this system is -- it's much quicker to address the needs of the inmate population. So the audit trail is there. The accountability is there. The HNRs are still going to be there. It's not something where there's a denial of access to care. It's just more streamlined. It's just like going, like I say, like going to the urgent care. If I go to the urgent care I may have to sit there for two hours. I may have to miss work because I have got to be someplace to see a doctor because I'm sick or I need something or whatever. I

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mean, it's the same thing is true inside the facility. We have very specific schedules put in place so that the people who are working are not impacted, they can still access the care even with their work schedules. I have got those schedules and I can produce those to the Court.

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I'm not objecting to an evidentiary hearing. If the Court wants to hear from people in the field I'd be more than happy to produce some people from the field so that the Court could hear it and hear how it's functioning and how the system works.

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MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor, Mr. Bojanowski keeps making parallels to urgent care centers that we might go to in the community. But in this case we have lots of individuals who are requesting and needing routine care. And I don't go to urgent care for a routine procedure. You arrange it and schedule it.

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And I guess I understand they want to streamline things, but there's no burden on ADC to keep the boxes so we don't understand why they are moving so aggressively to remove a way for people to access care. This is creating an unnecessary barrier to care. And again, the benefit of the boxes was that every single HNR that was in a box was logged and tracked and put into a prisoner's record. And if we're only going to be using the HNRs of people who sat and waited, whether it's 45 minutes, two hours, six hours, eight hours, and 11:50AM

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only their HNRs are being seen, we're not getting the entire universe of them.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: What HNRs are missing?

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MS. KENDRICK: The people who did not sit for two hours or eight hours, or the people who are requesting to see the dentist and are being told that their HNR won't be received until they wait and see the nurse.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Do you have instances where this is occurring? I mean, I don't see any grievances. I don't get any kind of complaints. I don't see evidence of what you are saying is occurring.

MS. KENDRICK: Well, there's a couple things we could do, Your Honor. We could perhaps call some prisoners, class members, to testify as witnesses. I could review the letters that we got and anonymize what complaints and concerns we get. But at the end of the day, our fundamental question is, why are they doing this? There's no reason to do this except they want to quote, unquote, "streamline things."

And to the extent multiple barriers exist to people accessing care, it seems rather gratuitous and cruel to erect a barrier for no other reason than it, quote, streamlines things with Corizon.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: There's more of a barrier with the box.

25 THE COURT: Well, the defendants have articulated in

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1 the past a reason of why they believe this would be a better 2 system, not just for efficiency purposes, also for treatment 3 purposes having people seen sooner rather than later. So I do 4 think I need to learn more about it. I think having an evidentiary hearing makes sense. Exactly who the witnesses 5 11:52AM would be, I would ask the two sides to confer about that. And 6 7 if you need help from me on deciding what the nature of it 8 should be, get on the phone and call me. And I will take that up. But make arrangements to have that happen. MR. FATHI: Your Honor, will that be at our next 10 11:52AM 11 scheduled hearing? 12 THE COURT: Yes. Yes. Are the boxes, have they already been removed, all of 1.3

them?

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: I'm not really sure whether they have 11:53AM all been removed. I sought to get confirmation of that yesterday, and I don't have the confirmation. So I don't want to represent to the Court that they have all been removed. What we -- months ago we implemented the open clinic concept to try and ease into the procedure by which to get inmates instead of going to the box.

THE COURT: Have people been told when they show up with an HNR on the open clinic days, oh, don't put that in the box. Sit here and wait until we can see you? Is that what people have been told, so the number of HNRs going into the

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- box, have they already declined?

 MR. BOJANOWSKI: I don't think I understood your

 question, Your Honor.
 - THE COURT: You are trying to transition. So you transition to a place where there are no longer boxes. The people in the old system come in with an HNR, put it in the box, go about their way. They would get contacted when they have an appointment. Am I right so far?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: So far.

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THE COURT: Then the prison knows they are getting to a point where they are going to be doing away with these boxes so when people come in with the HNR, we say, oh, no, don't put that in the box. Sit here and wait until we see you personally. Has that been going on for a while?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Yeah. The boxes are on each yard. So we don't know when they drop them off.

THE COURT: I see. The boxes --

MR. BOJANOWSKI: They are not at the medical.

THE COURT: They are not in the medical facility?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: It's like a mailbox on each yard.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: So you might have 10 boxes, say. And so they would collect them, you know, say at night or whatever and then they collect them all. And then they go through them, they would look at them, and then they would determine, okay,

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1 this guy needs to be seen say here today. That guy can be seen tomorrow or a couple days from now, and that's the way it was 2 3 working.

THE COURT: Are these the same boxes that the grievances go in?

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: No. No. It's strictly a medical.

MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor, on that point, our plaintiffs have been asking for months to be provided all of the grievances that are filed regarding healthcare and defendants have steadfastly objected. But given Mr. Bojanowski has just represented he reads the grievances and hasn't seen any that complain about this, we would like to ask that they produced all the grievances from the past six months to us within the next two weeks so we can prepare for the evidentiary hearing.

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THE COURT: So these are the healthcare grievances you are asking for?

MS. KENDRICK: He's representing --

MS. RAND: Your Honor --

MS. KENDRICK: Please let me finish, Lucy. He's representing to the Court that he has reviewed these grievances and doesn't see this as a problem. We do not have access for that information so we cannot counter his representation that he has read the grievances and there's nobody complaining about Therefore, we reiterate the request we have been this issue.

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making for months in our document requests and they have been refusing to produce it to us that they provide the past six months for grievances. That would cover the period since the open clinic started and that way we could see if there are grievances about the open clinic and whether the HNRs are being taken or whether people are being told they have to wait and see the nurse before their HNR would be accepted.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: I think she's greatly expanding what I'm saying. I'm not hearing about any grievances. I haven't seen any grievances. I haven't read all the grievances. It's thousands --

MS. KENDRICK: It's not thousands, Mr. Bojanowski.

THE COURT: This is the first I have ever heard about the grievance issue and the fact that the plaintiffs have been requesting grievances and that hasn't been complied with. My gut reaction is why wouldn't the plaintiffs be able to see the healthcare grievances?

MS. RAND: Your Honor, this is Lucy Rand. Plaintiffs requested almost two years worth of grievances be provided regardless of what topic it's regarding. They are not trying to narrow them down. And we basically, you know, objected that it's unduly burdensome because of the amount of documentation that must be produced. And we asked them to, you know, to basically, you know, narrow it down just a little bit. And they have never responded. So I don't know that we have been

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objecting and that they -- I'm sorry. Go ahead.

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THE COURT: Nobody was talking. But it occurs to me that in trying to identify issues that are associated with compliance with the healthcare stipulation, that one of the best mechanisms of communication would be to have the plaintiffs take a look at the grievances that the class plaintiffs have been submitting to the prison authorities with respect to healthcare issues.

So I will order that the last six months of healthcare grievances all be produced no later than two weeks from today to the plaintiffs.

MS. KENDRICK: And just to be clear, Your Honor, you can see this at Docket 2108-1, the declaration of David Fathi. It's Exhibit 2. It includes our request and it shows that we have been requesting the director's level responses to grievances since February 16th. And since -- February 16, 2016. And since then they have been saying that it's unduly burdensome and not required to produce under the stipulation. So we're not asking for every single grievance despite their representation.

THE COURT: You want the director's level grievances?

MS. KENDRICK: Our previous request had been

director's level but given the fact it takes and months and

months to get a director's level response and given the

evidentiary hearing coming up, we would actually request that

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it be all grievances. But I want to be clear that historically we have not been asking for all grievances only asking for the ones that made it all the way to the director's office.

THE COURT: Let's do this: Let's have the director's level grievances produced to you, but with respect to preparing for the hearing and understanding that there may be some kind of burden to get them from all the facilities, why don't you pick two facilities where you would like to have all the healthcare grievances for the last six months.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Could we limit it to grievances concerning access to care? That's really the issue they are complaining about.

MS. KENDRICK: No.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: There may be a lot of grievances where a guy says, look, I don't think I should have to pay \$4 for this appointment because I'm indigent.

THE COURT: I'd like to hear about that if those numbers have increased and where I'm now concerned about the fact that the HNR box means everybody is facing an additional \$4 and I'm trying to ascertain whether or not that's a deterrent of people talking advantage of healthcare services that's a change in circumstances from when a stipulation was entered.

So are there two you could identify?

MS. KENDRICK: Yes, I mean, this is only applicable to 12:00PM

minimum and medium security yards, so we could identify a couple of prisons that have them.

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And I think if Mr. Bojanowski wants to go through and eliminate, it would actually be easier and less of a burden if they just had a cutoff date and just produced all of them and they wouldn't have to go through and try to make a judgment whether or not they think it's relevant to the evidentiary hearing. They can just do a data dump on us.

We would want all of them since the open clinic process started in December.

THE COURT: Okay. So then maybe the first of next
week, no later than Wednesday, meet and confer about this, how
you want to proceed. You know at the end of the
meet-and-confer you will have the opportunity to get two
facilities' grievances on healthcare and you will get all of
the director's levels for the last six months.

But there do sound to be, perhaps, some better approaches than my broad brush approach if you can agree on that, such as the data dump would be something less of a burden on defendants and more of a burden on plaintiffs. And plaintiffs, if you want to shoulder that burden, that's fine.

With respect to healthcare grievances, I'm concerned that the mechanism, as you know, I'm concerned with the mechanism I have for monitoring is not perfect. I would like to have somebody more on the ground all the time. But these

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people who are receiving a care, again, are people whose voices 1 should be heard understanding that in some cases, that it's not 2 3 going to be particularly helpful. But the plaintiffs have said 4 they would go through and are willing to shoulder that burden. It's the noon hour. So what we'll do is we'll take a 5 12:02PM recess until 1:15 if that works with everybody's schedule. 6 7 that all right with everybody? 8 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Yes, Your Honor. That's fine. MR. FATHT: THE COURT: Thank you very much. 10 12:02PM (Recess from 12:02 p.m. until 1:27 p.m.) 11 THE COURT: Couple of ruminations over the lunch hour. 12 1.3 First, with respect to the issue we were talking about where we 14 have already set the evidentiary hearing for, Mr. Bojanowski, 15 do you know, is there a sign-in sheet for people that show up 01:27PM 16 in the new sick call method? Do people sign in when they arrive? 17 18 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Let me check. 19 Apparently not. 20 THE COURT: Wouldn't that be a good idea? Wouldn't 01:27PM 21 that be a good way to give you at least something to counter 22 plaintiff's concerns with? It would be a trackable document as 23 to when somebody showed up. Not saying it's ideal. 24 MR. PRATT: Your Honor, everyone that shows up, they

do sign a sheet. It's a log of them actually coming in.

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1 it's not when they show up that they sign in and they wait to be seen. And this has to do with the charges, the \$4 co-pay. 2 3 And it's either documented as a no charge or a chargeable item. 4 MR. BOJANOWSKI: So they don't sign in with a time. 5 Is that what you are saying? 01:27PM THE COURT: Well, I was just wondering if there was 6 7 something that indicated who showed up for this open line at 8 what time on what day. MR. BOJANOWSKI: It probably has the date. 10 MR. PRATT: Yes. 01:27PM MR. BOJANOWSKI: And it has the names. I don't know 11 if it has a time. 12 1.3 MR. FATHI: Your Honor, it sounds as if the person 14 only signs in if and when she's seen. If that's incorrect we 15 would like some clarification on that. 01:27PM 16 THE COURT: Right. So it's actually at the end of the 17 line? 18 MR. BOJANOWSKI: At the point when they submit the HNR 19 to the nurse, they sign a piece of paper saying I'm here. 20 THE COURT: Okay. That doesn't address any of the 01:27PM problems we talked about before. So that rumination is a dead 21 2.2 end. 23

The second thing that I thought about with respect to this evidentiary hearing that we've got this issue where I can't exactly tell where the reality is, because the issue is

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1 the two visits required for a referral, the defendants have 2 told me that there's no policy against this but that the -- or 3 there's no policy that requires this, but that leaves 4 unanswered the question of whether there's a practice. And that's what plaintiffs are reporting, that there is such a 5 01:27PM practice. Is that fair to say? 6 MS. KENDRICK: Regarding -- you are referring to the 7 Corrective Action Plan? 8 THE COURT: To referrals. 10 MS. KENDRICK: Yeah. 01:27PM 11 THE COURT: To visits to get to a referral. 12 MS. KENDRICK: That is our concern given what was in the writing in the Corrective Action Plan that was submitted to 1.3 14 the Court as evidence. And defendants did submit a notice with 15 declarations from a couple people about this policy, and they 01:27PM 16 only discussed what happened in 2015. There was no discussion 17 about how this Corrective Action Plan was submitted and 18 approved and if it was actually implemented last fall. 19 THE COURT: All right. So we're concerned, though, 20 about whether it's happening right now, right? 01:27PM 21 MS. KENDRICK: Correct. THE COURT: All right. And I thought we had addressed 22 23 it in court before, but then we get this subsequent statement 24 from the defendants that it's not a policy. But it, again, 25 leaves open the question of whether it's happening still. 01:27PM

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| 1 | MR. PRATT: It is not happening, Your Honor. | |
| 2 | THE COURT: Okay. | |
| 3 | MR. PRATT: I think the last information that even | |
| 4 | referred to that was from last October. | |
| 5 | THE COURT: Okay. | 01:27PM |
| 6 | MR. PRATT: And it is not happening. | |
| 7 | THE COURT: So there's no operational practice among | |
| 8 | any of the Corizon people that in order to get to a referral | |
| 9 | you have to be seen twice before that can happen? | |
| 10 | MR. PRATT: Correct. | 01:27PM |
| 11 | MS. KENDRICK: But, Your Honor, the document that we | |
| 12 | submitted to the Court is from October 2016, and the affidavits | |
| 13 | that defendants submitted were talking about 2015. And so | |
| 14 | that's our concern. | |
| 15 | THE COURT: Mr. Pratt just answered the question for | 01:27PM |
| 16 | currently, right? | |
| 17 | MS. KENDRICK: Well, for how long? Did it ever go | |
| 18 | into effect in Perryville in 2016? There's no explanation as | |
| 19 | to how this CAP could have been submitted and then approved by | |
| 20 | defendants. | 01:27PM |
| 21 | THE COURT: And what utility would be running that | |
| 22 | down right now if it's not something that's happening now? | |
| 23 | MS. KENDRICK: Well, we would like to know that | |
| 24 | because to the extent they have reported compliance with | |
| 25 | Performance Measure 39 at Perryville in recent months, it would | 01:27PM |

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call those numbers into question. If they have implemented -if they implemented such a policy, even if it was for a month or two, I'm glad he's saying it's not in effect now, but we need to know that to know whether those numbers previously reported are valid.

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THE COURT: So what you would like to know is when was it, in December or November or afterwards, depending on when it was that word was communicated that this is not how we're doing things. Is that getting at it sufficiently?

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MS. KENDRICK: Yes, sir. We're trying to figure out how it came to pass that Corizon submitted a Corrective Action Plan to defendants that their way of coming out of substantial non-compliance with Performance Measure 39 was to implement this policy. So we need to know, first of all, why that Corrective Action Plan was approved, but second, how long was such a policy in place. So then we can figure out whether the

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CGAR data for those months is valid.

THE COURT: I understand the second point, but if I remember Mr. Pratt's testimony from before, it sounded -- my recollection is he said this was something that kind of happened without us understanding it was going to happen, and when we found out about it we stopped it.

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MS. KENDRICK: Well, Your Honor, Kathy Campbell testified on March 8 she reviewed and approved all of the Corrective Action Plans and we submitted to the Court at Docket

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1 2106 a copy of the October 2016 Corrective Action Plan from 2 Perryville that clearly states nurses have been reminded that 3 an inmate needs to be seen two times before being referred to a 4 provider. That causes great concern in terms of that how did it come to pass that somebody at ADC thought that was an 5 01:27PM acceptable Corrective Action Plan and approved it and that part 6 7 of the question just was not addressed. 8 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Pratt, probably, off the top of his head can't say what date it was, what method it was to communicate that this was not correct. So I would ask -- I 10 01:27PM 11 think it's fair to ask this, if you would submit, Mr. 12 Bojanowski, an affidavit that indicates the result of that 1.3 inquiry, when it was that the information was identified, and 14 the remediation measure that was articulated by Corizon was 15 itself corrected. Is that clear enough? 01:27PM 16 MS. KENDRICK: Yes, sir. Thank you. 17 THE COURT: You understand that, Mr. Bojanowski, too? 18 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Yes. I'm trying to make sure my 19 notes are accurate. 20 MS. KENDRICK: Perhaps a date for the affidavit would 01:27PM 21 be helpful. 22 The end of the month? I think I have set THE COURT: 23 a date of the 30th for a number of other things. 24 MR. FATHI: Your Honor, I believe you may have also

not specified a date for the declaration from Dr. Calcote.

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Would that be June 30th also?

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THE COURT: That's a good date as well. Thank you for that detail.

All right. Before we go on to the additional points of the agenda, I wanted to take one of the items and give you an omnibus view about my perspective on your reactions to what I learned during the hearings on the fact-finding and also your reactions to my preliminary view that I needed some assistance, that I needed to understand better the circumstances; that I had serious concerns but that I had also a concern additionally on my own behalf that I would be able to get on top of these issues in a way to make sure that I understood them all. And that I really did think that it would be helpful to get some additional support and some learned support by expert, by somebody who is particularly knowledgeable.

And then I had the reactions of both sides. Neither of you thought that that was a particularly good way to go, and you had a slightly different view about what I could do in lieu thereof. And so I went back and tried to consider what would be the appropriate way to move forward in an overall circumstance where you have heard my specific targeting earlier today of trying to address particular failures.

But that's an overlay, or those particular areas are subject to an overlay that is even more concerning to me, and that is that generally, the process itself is not working as

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the parties had anticipated. This is not a stipulation to accomplish goals that have in the main produced the kind of results that I would have expected at this point.

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And so I am vexed about how best to proceed when I am left with or arrive at what is not a surprising conclusion that I do think it's largely a staffing issue. I do think it's largely a number of people issue but that the stipulation, as you have heard me say, is read by me to mean that I can't require the defendants to build more prisons or to hire a particular number or type of staff.

But I have, at the same time, come to learn that there are serious issues with respect to having sufficient number of staff on hand to accomplish the goal. I have had testimony from witnesses telling me about the difficulties of maintaining people in the employ of a prison setting, perhaps because of the prison setting; perhaps because of compensation issues; perhaps because of the rural settings of many of our prisons.

And so I am left with not the desire to do something I'm not permitted to do under the stipulation because I don't even think about that. I can't order you to hire people. But I think I can figure out what the problem is with respect to maintaining the people that you think you need because you have had those positions and you can't fill them, or you have been hiring actively and you haven't been able to -- you have been seeking hire people but you haven't been able to fill the

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positions.

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As I have alluded to earlier, part of my training as a judge but also being somebody who is a full participant in our grand capitalistic model, I understand that there's a curve that well illustrates a way to increase the supply of workers to do a particular job, and that is to peg the compensation at a level that assures that necessary supply.

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I don't know what that particular compensation level is, but there are people who do. And my view is that the right thing to do is to retain as an expert somebody who can tell me what it is that will be necessary to afford the necessary staff people that the State itself has decided are necessary, and they are simply not able to get into position.

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Now, the situation is that there's a contractor who obviously does the hiring and sets the wages, but it's also a contractor that's got this incentive that's contrary to doing what is against its best interest and that is to spend more money than it makes. And so consequently, they have a very strong incentive, perhaps as we have even heard testimony about, to pay the fine that the contract provides rather than provide for the staff.

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Well, that's not my issue. What is my issue is compliance with the stipulation and the performance measures. And where I have this, in many areas, a systemic failure I have to look at what the problem is with the system and with the

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entity that I have before me, and that's the State.

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And so I need to find out that if it is the circumstance, as I think it is, and would be very surprised to hear anything different than the testimony I have heard already, that the reason that this difficulty exists is — well, or certainly we will learn about that, the reason for the difficulty, but we have heard much about it also.

But really what we haven't heard and what we don't know is what it would take to get additional people to decide to stay in those positions, not leave them, to avoid the turnover, and also to get people to line up to want to take the positions. And I'm imagining that it's a higher level of compensation.

And so I'm going to do this. I'm going to ask you all to meet and confer to try to identify such an expert that the Court could retain, at the defendant's cost, to inform me about what it is about the market situation that would, could be addressed by an order of the Court to provide for the sufficient number of staffing people that the State's already identified are necessary and has itself sought to obtain, and that this expert can guide the Court in crafting more precise measures that are not overly broad and are specifically tailored to try and accomplish the very goal here that the parties have agreed to. And that is compliance with the stipulation.

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So if you all can, in two weeks, meet and confer and identify a single expert that you think that the Court should turn to, great. I'm probably going to be surprised if that happens. But if it does, great. If it doesn't, then I would ask you a week later to submit, each of you, two names, and I will take a look at the vitaes of those two names and make a decision after hearing from you all at our next hearing about what you think about that process and where we stand.

But I want to get it moving. I want to get it in place. Perhaps maybe I will see a sufficient turnaround that I will feel that it won't be necessary to go down that road. But I don't think that the past experience necessarily gives me great comfort to think that I can count on that.

So I want to make sure that I'm taking steps now so that I'm not just deciding to do this a month later and then delaying everything even more. So that's how we'll proceed with respect to what is an agenda item that is listed, and that is, how am I going to deal with what I have asked you to look into before. That is the comeuppance of the hearings and the issues that were raised there, and also my entertaining the idea of experts and a special master.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Your Honor, would we be permitted to brief this issue at all as to the Court's intention to --

THE COURT: Well, what you can do, if in the two-week time that you are not able to get it resolved and in that

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additional week you can file anything you want in that time period. But you are not going to set me off of this timetable, because I am earnest to take advantage of the learning that I have done and to not let more time pass.

So you can certainly feel free to submit anything you would like and the plaintiffs can respond. The sooner they respond the better, probably, but you can go ahead and do that. But I'm not going to be inclined to set up a briefing schedule that builds in more time to this. I will read what you submit. I always do.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. KENDRICK: Your Honor, for what it's worth the parties have already fully briefed this issue, so it's unclear why additional briefing is needed.

But just to be clear, you mentioned you wanted an expert who could assist you in identifying the correct salaries and retention status but then I heard you say something about the monitoring? Or no.

THE COURT: Well, I didn't mean to say anything.

MS. KENDRICK: Okay.

01:38PM

THE COURT: About that other than in the preamble where I talked about what the things were that I had considered and what my options were and my evolution in that process and where I am now. Where I am now is believing that the measures that I employed this morning with respect to the particularly

identified performance measure failures may need to be assisted in a broader mechanism, and that is one that addresses what has been a very obvious fact in this case. And that is the number of people that the State thinks should be in the positions are not in the positions. And I want to try to fix that so I need an expert to tell me what it is, is there a manager of labor supplies? What do you do? What do you need to do to get those people so that they are in the position?

I think I have a pretty good idea what is required. You can get anybody to go anywhere to do anything if you pay them the right amount. And we're in that position where I'm needing to find people to do the work.

MS. KENDRICK: Well, Your Honor, as plaintiffs did fully brief out in our briefing about what you call the comeuppance of the hearings.

THE COURT: Right.

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MS. KENDRICK: That we believe that the Court needs to appoint a Rule 706 expert with knowledge and expertise in methodology and monitoring and auditing, because the testimony shows that the system that has been used to date is broken.

We also, in our briefing on the expert issue, requested that the Court appoint an expert or experts with oversight of medical and mental health care experience in running those sorts of complex systems as well to advise defendants and Corizon.

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| 1 | THE COURT: Where I am currently is someplace between | |
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| 2 | your two positions. I have decided to do this with respect to | |
| 3 | the failure to maintain in place and to be able to procure the | |
| 4 | desired employees, but I do need expert testimony about that. | |
| 5 | I don't know yet whether what you say otherwise is true for | 01:40P |
| 6 | certain. I did have a strong sense that that was where I was, | |
| 7 | but then in light of the restrictions and the views that have | |
| 8 | been expressed to me and the briefing associated with that | |
| 9 | issue, it may made me revisit my position and think, well, | |
| 10 | those things are true. But one of the things I can do myself | 01:41P |
| 11 | to try to address it is to become more engaged with respect to | |
| 12 | the monitoring component. | |
| 13 | And to that point, another rumination that occurred | |
| 14 | over lunch is that I'd like to go visit and watch one of these | |
| 15 | open clinic lines. I think maybe one of the times that would | 01:41P |
| 16 | perhaps make sense, because I understand you all seem to | |
| 17 | schedule things close to our hearings to take advantage of our | |
| 18 | travel, is maybe the Thursday before the Friday of our July | |
| 19 | meeting. Maybe that's a possibility. | |
| 20 | MS. KENDRICK: Or if you want to come tomorrow we're | 01:41P |
| 21 | going to the prison here in Phoenix. | |
| 2,2 | MR. BOJANOWSKI: They don't have an open clinic there. | |
| 23 | MS. KENDRICK: Oh. All right. | |
| 24 | THE COURT: So that, again, what defendants have asked | |

me to do is something that is within -- is worth trying, and

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that is, can I, by direct further acquiring of knowledge and experience, do something that they want, that they prefer, apparently. I'm not inclined to think that that's necessarily the right view, but it's what they have said.

And so I'm going to give it another full try to see if I can enhance the monitoring component by a greater presence. And to a certain extent I have learned already about a number of the potential systemic vulnerabilities of the monitoring system, so I am poised to be sensitive to those. But I would have, and do think, the Court could be potentially assisted by a Rule 706 expert in that context. But I am going to at least give it another personal try.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Do you have a particular facility in mind?

THE COURT: Well, one of the things that comes to mind 01:43PM is that whenever the president goes to visit some city all the streets get painted. And so I was wondering if there was a way around that or whether I didn't need to worry about it. And I actually was on the fence about whether I would share with you this is what I was thinking of doing. But one of the things that's had me on the fence is how best to address the issue of the street painting, whether it could be the kind of thing I could say I'd like to go visit one on the day before. I will tell you which one on the day before.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: We think we can accomplish that.

1 just need to notify security that a federal judge is going to be on grounds and that we have sufficient staff to provide 2 3 security to you and whatever staff members you might bring 4 along. So a day before is fine, and we can make it happen. But please keep in mind that it's at the minimum and medium 5 01:44PM yards. If you want a minimum medium yard --6 7 MR. FATHI: Your Honor, to address the Potemkin 8 Village problem that the Court has identified, if tomorrow works for the Court, one of us from plaintiff's team would be happy to accompany you along with, I'm sure, others from the 10 01:44PM 11 defendants. 12 THE COURT: I wish it were so. But I have a 1.3 settlement conference in the afternoon and a full calendar in 14 the morning, a full calendar that is one partly reflected in 15 the public docket and one partly not reflected in the public 01:44PM docket. 16 17 MR. FATHI: Well, Your Honor, we do have local counsel 18 here, so if the goal is to do it with perhaps notice the day before, we can accommodate that with our local counsel. It 19 20 doesn't need to wait until out-of-town counsel are here next 01:45PM 21 month. 22 THE COURT: Okay. Well, I will coordinate with you 23 all taking a look at my calendar and then checking in with your

THE COURT: Okay. Well, I will coordinate with you all taking a look at my calendar and then checking in with your calendars to see what we can do to give you that kind of notice.

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01:45PM

MR. FATHI: Your Honor, if I may, before we move on, Ms. Abela from the Arizona Center for Disability Law, which is a separately represented plaintiff, would like to be heard on the HNR box issue.

THE COURT: All right. Please.

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Thank you, Your Honor. I just had an MS. ABELA: additional point and perspective I wanted the Court and also the defendants to take into consideration with regard to removal of the HNR boxes. It's a principal tenet of serving individuals with disabilities that you provide multiple options to access a program, information, what have you. We are very concerned that removal of these HNR boxes is going to erect another barrier for those prisoners with disabilities to be able to access the healthcare system that operates in the prisons.

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It's anecdotal evidence, but I have been on many of these monitoring tours and I have spoken with prisoners that have mobility impairments that make it difficult for them to get around. Some have expressed to me that it's difficult for them to get to the HNR box to drop the HNR and have relied on aids or their cellmates to do that for them so they can have access to medical. If they are going to be required to be waiting in line at a health clinic it could be yet another barrier and perhaps prevent them from accessing the care that they need in disproportionate numbers, just sort of a general

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population.

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it.

And we just wanted to bring that to the Court's attention, also the defendant's attention to consider when they are evaluating whether eliminating these boxes is, in fact, a streamlining idea that is going to serve the needs of that community.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: Your Honor, we're familiar with that population, and in an effort to care for that population, they are housed closer to the medical unit to provide that access.

And those that are limited have aids or helpers that can assist them in getting from one place to another. So we do take that into account when evaluating and implementing the system.

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THE COURT: Well, one of the things that is in my mind, and I have alluded to this before, is that the performance measures do mention these boxes. And so I do think that the burden is on the defendants to show me how it is that the stipulation's enforcement is not encumbered by the removal of something that is specified in the stipulation.

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If it looks to me like moving to the new system but then preserving as the fallback position for those who might otherwise find this to be an obstacle, I would be disinclined to grant the relief from what's called for in the stipulation. But I think it makes sense to have a hearing to have of all of these things said so a considered decision can be made about

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Turning to the three performance measures where you had some issues with respect to the language, and this is in particular Performance Measure 61, where the plaintiffs had proposed the language that drew some issues with the defendant, the language that the plaintiffs have proposed was that in eOMIS check whether a memorandum personally advising the inmate she is able to receive a pap smear every three years, if medically appropriate, is scanned into the inmate's record. If the memorandum is dated within 90 days prior to the 36-month anniversary of her last pap smear the record is compliant.

The defendants raised a concern about refusals. It seemed to me that could be addressed by adding the following two sentences: Every 36 months thereafter, a similar memorandum shall be sent to the inmate. If the subsequent memoranda are dated within the 90 days prior to the 36-month anniversary of the previous memorandum, the record is compliant.

It may not be possible for you all to internalize what I just said here, but when you take a look at the transcript if you have issues with it you can raise it the next time.

With respect to Performance Measures 85 and 86, there really wasn't a similar substantive objection that I could ferret out to the plaintiffs' proposed language. And so I would adopt the plaintiffs' language. And that is, with 85, that the monitor selects a random sample of 10 records from all

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MH-3D prisoners at a given unit. If any of them discontinued medications less than 30 days previously, that record is excluded from the sample and another record is randomly drawn. See Document 2048, Paragraph 12.

Once these -- once there are 10 records of MH-3D prisoners that have discontinued medications more than 30 days ago, those records are assessed to determine whether the patient was seen within 30 days of discontinuing medications.

And then with respect to Performance Measure 86, the final sample of 10 records used for Performance Measure 85 is the starting point for evaluating compliance with Performance Measure 86. If any of these prisoners discontinued medications less than 90 days previously, that record is excluded from the sample and another record is randomly drawn. Once there are 10 records of MH-3D prisoners who have discontinued medications more than 90 days ago, those records are assessed to determine whether the patient was seen within 90 days of discontinuing medications.

So I think these articulations might help, but again, if there remain further issues you may bring them to my attention next time.

MR. FATHI: Your Honor, may I -- would this be a good time to raise some housekeeping issues?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. FATHI: It appears that we are going to have a

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     full agenda for the next hearing, and so we wanted to raise the
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     possibility of having that be a two-day or perhaps a one
     and-a-half day hearing, perhaps the 13th and the 14th,
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     obviously contingent on the Court's availability.
              THE COURT: Mr. Bojanowski?
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                                                                       01:52PM
              MR. BOJANOWSKI: If you are going to do a tour on the
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     13th, I mean, if you have to go to say Florence, or --
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              MR. FATHI: We said that from our perspective the
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     Court can go any time and one of our local counsel can
     accompany for plaintiffs.
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                                                                       01:52PM
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: I'm sorry. I thought the Court
     said --
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              THE COURT: It was, Mr. Bojanowski, it's fair. It was
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     still in play. But it may still be in play because we could do
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     a more -- a closer facility in the morning and then still do
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     the afternoon.
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              But it probably does make sense to at least start in
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     the afternoon on the -- is that the 13th, Thursday the 13th?
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              MR. FATHI: Yes, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Is that something that could be possible
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     from the defendants' side?
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: That's a good question.
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              THE COURT: All right. Take a look.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: I think so, because if I can't be
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     here then I may be able to have someone else from the office be
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here. Right now it looks okay with me, Judge, if that's what you want to do.

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THE COURT: What we may want to do is conduct the evidentiary hearing on the afternoon of the 13th and then leave the Friday. But if for some reason that doesn't work with respect to witness availability or there's some other reason we could switch it around. But it seems like a natural way to do it. Because the summertime is difficult to get people's attention, if we do have that possibility to grab on to a little bit more than the time we have already allocated, it probably does make sense just as a general matter.

MR. FATHI: Thank you, Your Honor. The next item is that in order to give the defendants the maximum amount of time for production, we have determined that the two facilities for which we would like all of the healthcare grievances for the last six months are Perryville and Lewis.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

MR. FATHI: Thank you. And finally, Your Honor, I wanted to raise the fact that as the Court may well know, record-breaking heat is forecast for next week with highs forecast 119 on Monday and 120 on Tuesday for the Phoenix area. The National Weather Service has already issued an extreme heat advisory saying very hot temperature will significantly increase the potential for heat-related illness. Untreated heat illness can lead to fatal heatstroke.

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As you know, Your Honor, the stipulation requires the protection of patients who are taking psychotropic medications from heat injury. And we are very concerned about our clients, particularly those who are housed in tents at the, for example, at the Florence North Unit. So we would like to know what the defendants are planning to ensure that people are not -- don't suffer from heat injury and illness and possible death during this upcoming heat wave.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Mr. Fathi and I discussed this before today's hearing. I told him that I would express his concern to my clients. And so, I mean, we always do that. We don't want people getting sick and dying because of a heat-related illness.

THE COURT: The negotiations that resulted in the stipulation did include a significant amount of time devoted to this issue about the people who were on psychotropic medicines who were, I gather, impaired in their ability to self-regulate temperature or to address extreme -- am I remembering it correctly?

MR. FATHI: That's correct, Your Honor. And while I appreciate Mr. Bojanowski's offer to convey my concerns, their response should not be contingent on our concerns. They have access to the same forecast as we do, and they should be planning for this potentially lethal event. So we would like to know what their plans are.

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1 THE COURT: Luckily you have, within earshot, actually within three feet of you, the head of the medical services for 2 3 the Department of Corrections. So he's heard that. So he's, 4 I'm sure, on top of the issue. And we will trust that they will take what care is necessary to protect the people within 5 01:56PM their custody knowing that if something bad happens, the 6 7 transcript of these proceedings will likely become evidence in 8 any such subsequent case. So I gather, because I have no reason to believe other than -- I have no reason to believe that the State won't take 10 01:56PM 11 due care in this instance based upon this record. But you are 12 not unwise to make the comment, because we some of us, you are 1.3 not one of these, Mr. Fathi, but maybe you are. When it's 90 14 degrees in Washington D.C. and it's 90 percent humidity I don't 15 know how anybody lives. But here we have become a little bit 01:57PM 16 inured to the extreme temperatures and that's among all of us 17 who have the ability to control the regulation of our 18 temperature and we also are not oftentimes in a tent. 19 And so I would feel like you would probably just --20 it's a good idea just to make the statement that you have made. 01:57PM 21 So it's been made, so I think that's a good thing. 22 MR. FATHI: Thank you, Your Honor. 23 There are two, I think, issues that remain THE COURT: 24 to be addressed in general categories. I need to follow up on

where we stand with respect to max custody and close custody

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issues. The minute entry does or doesn't tell me fully whether there are things that happened in the mediation that can affect that.

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And the second issue that's related to that are these discovery issues. And I have taken a look at the table that the plaintiffs have prepared, and it looks to me, and I don't know whether this is something that is -- which particular defense counsel is in the position to address it, but it looks to me like a number of the complaints of the requesting party the plaintiffs have made seem to be well taken. But it also, like every discovery dispute, it requires the judge to get into the weeds and go through one by one.

And so I don't know whether it makes sense to have everybody in the room doing that when it's probably one lawyer on each side that's going to be responsible for it. So what I'm inclined to do on these discovery issues is to see if there's a time among the three of us, one lawyer, I guess, from each side and I to get on the phone next week together to do a telephonic discovery dispute.

MR. FATHI: I beg your pardon, Your Honor?

THE COURT: What I was saying was I thought it would be most efficient to have me work through these remaining discovery issues in a telephonic discovery hearing that would involve just the lawyers who are involved in that dispute. And I could do it next week. I'm sitting in Flagstaff next week

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     and that will afford me some time to be available by phone
     because the calendar is not a full day calendar. And I raise
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     that as a possibility.
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              MR. FATHI: That would be fine with us, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Who on your side will be handling this
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     issue?
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              MR. FATHI: That would be me.
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              THE COURT: And who on your side, Mr. Bojanowski?
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: I believe Ms. Lucy Rand would handle
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     that.
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              THE COURT: Ms. Rand, are you still on the phone?
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              MS. RAND: Yes, Your Honor, I am.
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              THE COURT: What's your availability next week?
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              MS. RAND: I'm open on the 20th and 21st which is
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     Tuesday and Wednesday, and then I have pretrial on Thursday, so
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     actually, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Fathi, what is your Tuesday like?
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              MR. FATHI: At this point, Your Honor, my Tuesday is
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     wide open.
              THE COURT: And what time would you not like -- it's
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                                                                      02:00PM
     three hours now off of Washington D.C., right?
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              MR. FATHI: Correct, Your Honor. So if we could --
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     obviously I will accommodate the Court, but if we could plan to
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     end by, perhaps, 3:00 Arizona time that would be ideal.
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              THE COURT: Okay. Do I have any heads up on what the
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     criminal calendar is on Tuesday? In custodies are likely to be
     in the morning but the out of custodies are probably in the
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     afternoon.
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              (Discussion between the courtroom deputy and the
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     judge.)
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              THE COURT: How about 1:30 p.m. on Tuesday to start?
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              MS. RAND: That works, Your Honor, for defendants.
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              THE COURT: All right. So this telephone call that
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     will be with the Court, if one of you two could figure out how
     to get you two on the line together and place a call to Judge
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                                                                       02:01PM
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     Fine's chambers in Flagstaff at 1:30 p.m. on Tuesday.
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              MR. FATHI: I'm sorry, Judge.
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              MS. RAND: Your Honor, I will take that
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     responsibility.
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              MR. FATHI: I didn't catch the name of the judge, Your
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     Honor.
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              THE COURT:
                          Judge Fine.
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              MR. FATHI:
                          Thank you, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Thank you. And can we now turn to
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     anything I need to know about where we stand on the max custody
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     and close custody issues?
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              MS. FETTIG: Yes, Your Honor. This is Amy Fettig.
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              We wanted to raise the issue of the close custody
     documentation. As you may recall this issue has been ongoing
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     for some time starting with your original order in December of
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2015 through February of 2015 and now. At the last hearing you asked the parties to do a joint report and you also asked the plaintiffs -- and that joint report relates to close custody units at Florence Central.

At the same time you asked the plaintiffs to send a list of documentation and questions to the defendants related to their allegations that Perryville and Tucson units are now close custody as well. We did that on May 24th, and as you no doubt know we filed a joint report with the defendants on Friday at Document Number 2102.

I did have an opportunity to talk in much greater length with Ms. Love about the proposed solution that the defendants have come up with for Florence Central related to monitoring of the close custody units, and I do understand that that will take some time. It is a pilot. They are not sure if it's going to work. And, you know, we're pleased with the creative ideas they have come up with and if it does work that is great.

What we are concerned about is that they are not going to pilot this until Fall 2017. And that means we are faced with a whole year that is basically a black hole for Florence Central. And that's a really, really long time not to have a picture of what's going on in that unit. And so what we requested of defendants is the same list of information that we sent to them regarding Perryville and Tucson close custody

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units.

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within it.

Now, the defendants have objected to that information for Florence Central and, you know, we haven't been able to meet and confer to see if there's some other documentation they would be willing to do. But basically we do need some sort of information between now and a pilot in Fall 2017 that might not even work, some show of good faith and documentation about what the conditions actually are in Florence Central in addition to, of course, our concern about what's happening in Perryville and Tucson units.

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THE COURT: Ms. Love.

MS. LOVE: Your Honor, as to information related to Perryville and Tucson, that was addressed at the last status hearing. And I have advised Ms. Fettig that documents from the Perryville facility, per her request, have been provided. I'm going through those and I will be providing her with a response back and we have mutually agreed to work on that.

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Defendants do have an objection to providing information as related to the Tucson complex as to close custody where the Tucson complex has never been part of the stipulation as related to max custody. This whole issue of monitoring close custody arose out of a situation where traditionally a max custody facility now has some close custody

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So because Tucson was never part of the mix with max

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custody, defendants object to providing information related to that complex because we don't have a situation that was ever at play to begin with as far as monitoring a max custody facility. I guess simply put, Tucson was never a max custody facility at issue with the stipulation. So we object to providing information regarding close custody at that location where it's not contemplated by the stipulation.

As to Perryville, again, we are gathering the information and we will provide it to Ms. Fettig.

With relation to the document request that plaintiffs assert in our report that we provided to you last Friday, Ms. Fettig is correct in that we received that list and that portion on Friday, and we did not have the opportunity to confer regarding those document requests prior to providing both side's positions to the Court.

But I would like to generally address that while there may be room for compromise here and agreement, it -- we're faced with a situation where when we provided the kinds of documents that plaintiffs are now requesting for Florence for the last six months to the Court when explaining the close custody situation there, plaintiffs came back and said, these documents don't show us actual out-of-cell time for close custody inmates. That's what the Court focused on in making its ruling.

So to now gather the same documents that they said

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system.

didn't show us what we wanted to know to begin with really doesn't make sense here. There are certain things that probably after we confer and I confer with my clients could be at issue, like an activity schedule perhaps for the close custody. There may be some movement on other things.

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But for instance, in one of their requests they ask for information as to programming for close custody inmates. And for that, in essence, what would have to be provided for the last six months is program sign-in sheets for the entire close custody population at Florence Central, which now we're again getting broader than the stipulation where we're now providing information as related to every single close custody inmate versus monitoring 10. So we're still not Catch 22 of how do we monitor a classification that doesn't function like max custody such that we can individually monitor.

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So that is where, for many of the requests, we have an objection to providing overall operational information that, in the first instance, wasn't good enough for plaintiffs to show actual out-of-cell time. So we're getting back into that debate of amount of cell time offered versus actual, which we can't monitor, which is why we have to go to the electronic

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THE COURT: How big is the burden to you to assemble this information?

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MS. LOVE: Well, the biggest burden would be in

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providing the logs or we call them the journals as to operations at Florence Central. Because the journals -- and we are going to provide them with a week for Perryville so they will be able to see this. But the journals are probably double-sided about a stack like this for a week, which requires redaction for security sensitive information. Because the journals will say, for instance, at 1331 hours, there's so many things maybe happening in that unit, you might have six or seven or eight entries that talk about armory and keys and security issues unrelated to our inmate's able to leave the unit to go to chow or leave the unit to go to programs.

So, you know, something like that, the journal is a burden to redact and to provide while at the same time there's activity schedules that can tell you that.

So we're in a situation, though at the baseline of it's the same information they said doesn't tell us the picture of what we wanted to see, yet now they want to see that for the last six months. So I don't understand, I guess, the position for requesting the documents that in the first place they said didn't tell us the full picture of what they wanted.

THE COURT: Well, without putting words into their mouths, I think what they are trying to do is stay ahead of the situation that's evolving and also one where their knowledge of the system is evolving. So that is, I think, an ongoing process. So it's not surprising it could be changing.

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I'm most interested, though, in how to overcome this burden issue because you describe a rather sizeable stack that would require a good deal of effort to try to redact. And so I'm really --

MS. FETTIG: Your Honor, I would like to make a few clarifying points, and I have some ideas about that.

First of all, as to the one week of unit logs which is the one form of paperwork we could think of that would get to what's actually happening in this unit in real time, we do have a protective order in this case. So there's really no reason to redact things. We handle protected information all the time. That's why the protective order is in place.

As to the nature of the documents, these questions and documents that we have asked for are not things we have asked for before. They spring from actually the order of this Court finding that the level of documentation that defendants provided for close custody in Florence just really wasn't sufficient to give the kind of picture of how the unit might actually be different than max custody.

So we went back and thought through, okay, what types of information beyond what was insufficiently provided in defendants' pleading would actually give us the type of picture we needed. And we boiled it down to these few points that are in Doc 2102. That's different information than we've had before.

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I would also say in terms of Tucson, the issue there was Performance Measure 92 and 93, not the max custody measures. But the ones related to mental health care the defendants ceased monitoring as of September 2016 because they told us those folks are no longer max custody. They are in close custody.

02:11PM

So again, our reaction is how is that different? How does that justify the unilateral decision by defendants to stop monitoring individuals in these units?

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So we have just asked for a fuller picture. Ms. Love did indicate that she had gotten documents already regarding Perryville and was going through them. We agreed that because we have so much going on in terms of the mediation this week that we would deal with that next week when we're all back in the office. And that's absolutely fine.

02:12PM

Our primary concern here is we need a broader picture of what's going on in close custody. We think we have come up with a pretty limited set of documents, and we're not asking for six months for Florence. Actually, what I propose is from June 2017 onwards because I know defendants are working on this different plan right now. I don't want to distract them necessarily from that.

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But given a shorter period of time, a narrow set of documents, and also the fact that they are not even planning to pilot until fall 2017, I don't know if that means September or

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November or what ultimately the date will be. Our urgency here is, as you have said, we need to get ahead of this. We need to understand. We cannot wait a full year to ensure that our clients' interests are being served and they are not indeed being harmed.

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MS. LOVE: Your Honor, I would propose this based upon what Ms. Fettig presented, and perhaps I misunderstood the breadth of the time period she was looking for. I did go back see she is requesting June forward.

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I would propose Ms. Fettig and I work together early next week to decide what is the arena of documents that we can agree, yes, we will start to produce and produce throughout this period because I would believe that there are several of these documents that we may not have an agreement on and we can do that. Let's get that ball rolling.

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And then if we have an issue on other categories of documents that we can't work out, then the Court can make a decision on that for us. But in the meantime, we're not going to be in a situation where we have to go and backtrack because I think we could probably meet in a middle ground here.

02:13PM

THE COURT: Go ahead, Ms. Fettig.

I would be happy to do that.

MS. FETTIG: We would be amenable to that. I'm mindful that your time is taken up a great deal by this case.

If we can solve some things before putting them in front of you

02:14PM

THE COURT: So go ahead and do that, please, with respect to issues that can't be resolved in your additional meet-and-confer, get on the phone together. Again, you can find me next week in Flagstaff. I might be available at the time you are available.

02:14PM

I will just observe, though, that one of the remedies for the burden issue that the State raises with respect to the journal, if you took a week of the journals and made those available in Ms. Love's office for Ms. Fettig to take a look, maybe that would address your security concern. I understand there's a protective order, but I also know this is at a heightened level of security just based upon what Ms. Love said. It sounds like that, to me, it is the kind of practices and procedures that go on in a unit that could be information that if even the mails were intercepted or there was a hacking or something of the e-mail that can convey that information the risk could be serious.

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And so if a person is just looking at it in the office and getting a better understanding of it to answer your questions, and I think we have addressed some of those concerns, so keep that in mind as a possible modality.

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MS. FETTIG: Thank you, Your Honor.

23 THE COURT: All right. I think I have gone through my

list. So now I need to turn to you all to see what I have

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MR. FATHI: Your Honor, there is the plaintiffs' pending motion for reconsideration.

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THE COURT: Yes. And what I'm going to do is I'm almost done with a written order that I will issue soon, perhaps this week, that will address that. Thank you.

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MR. FATHI: Thank you, Your Honor.

And then there were some in our briefing, in the wake of the evidentiary hearing, there were some issues regarding the defendant's non-compliance with the Court's monitoring orders that we would like to address.

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THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead. Sorry, Mr. Fathi. We have reached our expiration date.

(Laughter in the courtroom.)

MR. FATHI: We have indeed been going for a long period of time, Your Honor. I will try to be succinct.

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MR. FATHI: First is the issue of counting group contacts as satisfying the stipulation's requirement that a patient be seen. This Court ruled on September 6 of last year that except for Performance Measure 92, group contacts do not count. But we learned that at the April hearing that for nearly five months after the Court's order defendants continued to count group contacts, thereby falsely inflating their compliance figures. And nowhere in their briefing do defendants actually state that they have stopped counting groups even today. So we need the Court to enforce its earlier

order, now nearly nine months old, that groups may not be counted except for Performance Measure 92.

THE COURT: Mr. Bojanowski.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: I will have Dr. Taylor address that because she's the monitor person and has firsthand knowledge.

THE COURT: Thank you. Go ahead, Dr. Taylor.

DR. TAYLOR: So sometimes when Mr. Fathi refers to dates, he's referring to the date that we're sitting in court such as January, for instance, and it's looking at November data.

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11 THE COURT: Okay.

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DR. TAYLOR: So at the point that after we had the initial order, the back and forth, and the final order, there are not any more groups that were counted after that point for use to determine compliance.

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And so I have tried to be very clear with him on that. Additionally, he's indicated that performance measures have used groups that have never used groups. So that's part of the challenge, is that it's been alleged that we have used groups to count for contacts for, let's say, a woman after having a baby coming back to the prison that we have used groups to count for that. And we have never done stuff like that.

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And so at the point that your final order, we were here in court when you said it verbally was the point that we did not, past that point, use groups for contacts.

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THE COURT: Any evidence to contest that, Mr. Fathi?

MR. FATHI: Well, I confess I don't understand part of what Dr. Taylor is saying about alleging that groups were counted for certain performance measures. I didn't say anything about that.

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To be clear, the Court's written ruling was September 6 of last year. Mr. Dye testified on April 17th that in the December CGARs that were prepared on January 31st, he was still counting groups. And again, we have not had a statement from the defendants until Dr. Taylor's statement right now that they have ceased counting groups as satisfying the requirement that a patient be seen.

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THE COURT: Okay. Glad we have it now.

THE COURT: Oray. Glad we have it now.

Then there's a similar issue with the

15 issue of counting cell front contacts. The Court ruled on

MR. FATHI:

issue of counting cell front contacts. The Court ruled on

16 November 8 that cell front contacts may not be counted except

17 | under very limited circumstances. But here, too, defendants

18 | continued counting cell front contacts for at least three more

19 | months of CGARs after the Court's order, again, inflating their

20 | compliance scores.

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And again, we have not, in defendant's brief or elsewhere, yet had a definitive statement that they have stopped counting cell front contacts as satisfying the requirement that a patient be seen.

THE COURT: Is that you again, Dr. Taylor?

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DR. TAYLOR: Yeah. So again, I was in court when you stated that verbally, and that is the point that we stopped counting auditing-wise, going forward, those contacts. The problem is that in January you are looking at November stuff. Or in December you are looking at October -- yeah -- October stuff. And so retroactively we did not go back and fix it. But going forward from your order, if they go cell front and the individual refuses the contact being offered to them then it was being counted. That's always been the case except for the watches. That's the only time we allowed cell front contacts were the watches. That was it. All other contacts, any time you offered anything you had to offer it out of cell prior to that point, the entire time prior to the stipulation and after.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MR. FATHI: Unfortunately, Your Honor, once again, that is not true. First of all, we have submitted to the Court on multiple occasions now examples where cell front contacts were counted for Performance Measure 80. And in terms of the timing, the Court's order saying that they may not be counted was on November 8 of last year. But in the CGARs that were prepared at the end of November, the end of December, and the end of January, they continued to count cell front contacts. That was Mr. Dye's testimony in April.

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So that is the chronology of past events.

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appreciate the assurance that if that's what it was that cell front contacts are no longer being, finally, at long last, no longer being counted in compliance with the Court's order of November 8th.

THE COURT: So we do have that assurance, Dr. Taylor, that going forward that these are not being counted.

DR. TAYLOR: That is correct, from the dates of your order forward they weren't counted. And just to clarify,

Performance 80 being inmates who are MH-3 and have to be seen every 30 days, when they were on a watch and seen cell front it was counted because they were on watch. But that is the only time in the past they had been counted. Otherwise it had to be a refusal for any sort of counting unless we made a human error here or. There but that has always been our standard.

THE COURT: Thank you.

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MR. FATHI: Your Honor, the record will speak for itself. I won't belabor it.

The next issue is the sample size for Performance

Measures 94, 95, and 97. Performance Measures 94 and 95

pertain to prisoners who either are on or have recently been

removed from suicide watch. Performance Measure 97 pertains to

prisoners who are seen via telepsychiatry for mental health

treatment. Now for each of these measures, just like for

almost every other measure, the stipulation requires defendants

to sample a specified number of patient records. And that

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means records of individual patients.

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However, what we learned from Mr. Dye's testimony in April is that the defendants haven't been doing this. So, for example, for Performance Measure 94, again, involving prisoners on suicide watch, they will sample 20 instances in which a person was on watch. But those 20 instances might involve only 12 or 15 different individuals if some people were on watch more than once in that month.

Now, as Dr. Haney explains, this shrinks the sample in a way that reduces its representativeness and the extent to which the level of compliance that's found in the sample can be generalized to the larger population. So to comply with the stipulation, if the performance measure requires that 10 records be sampled, the defendants have to sample the records of 10 different individuals. And Dr. Haney explained in his declaration a very simple and straightforward way to do that.

DR. TAYLOR: As the Court may recall, the defendants actually requested that we could review more records in order to ensure we were reviewing around a quarter. And so we did that on our own from the beginning, and we have always audited the same way. It's from a log that is based on incidents similar to HNRs.

When you are looking at were the HNRs seen within 24 hours you are not reviewing every HNR that individual turned in, you are reviewing the HNR in question that randomly fell on

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the log. So an individual may fall twice. Not that likely if it's a large population. And if it's a small population we're probably auditing all of them. But it has a start and stop date which is how we sort it. So they have a start date when they were placed on watch and a stop date in order to ensure that everybody falls into that pool. The start and stop dates is what we use.

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We then review all parts of that start and stop date that fell within the audit month based on the entry. It's the same log we have had since prior to the stipulation. It's the same log that's been in effect. That hasn't changed.

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MR. FATHI: Your Honor, HNRs is a totally different provision of the stipulation and it uses -- it has different requirements. That says you sample X number of HNRs. The measures we're talking about, say you sample X number of records. And what we're saying is, you have to sample that number of records of different individual patients.

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THE COURT: Dr. Taylor has suggested it's not -- the risk is not that grave with this because of the number of people being sampled except for where they have fewer, then they look at all of them.

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Do you have any sense about that?

MR. FATHI: Well, I do, Your Honor. First of all, the sample size for Performance Measure 97, which is one of the issues, the measures we're talking about, has not been changed.

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The sample for Performance Measure 95, I believe, has not been 1 changed at every facility. But again, whether it's the number 2 3 that's specifically originally set forth in the stipulation or 4 if it's the larger number that we agreed to with the defendants, it's still that number of different individual 5 02:26PM records, not that number of instances. 6 7 THE COURT: I'm just trying to get a window on whether 8 or not it's doing real damage to my ascertainment function. MR. FATHI: Well, it certainly has the potential, Your Honor. As Dr. Haney explains, and this is an entirely possible 10 situation, if you pull 10 instances where somebody was on watch 11 12 but that only involves five different individuals, you are looking at the care received by five people, not the care 1.3 14 received by 10 people. Or if it involves three different 15 individuals. 02:27PM 16 Now, it may not happen every month, but it has the 17 potential, as Dr. Haney explains, to contract the sample to the 18 point where its representativeness and its generalizability 19 become limited. And given that it is ridiculously easy, and 20 Dr. Haney explains how, to pick a sample that involves 10 02:27PM 21 different individuals, I have to say I don't understand the 22 resistance. 23 THE COURT: And what is the disadvantage of caving to plaintiffs' requests on this? 24

DR. TAYLOR:

So if you have an individual that each

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time that they go on watch there's a certain thing that needs to happen, somebody needs to see them, place them on watch, seen every day, taken off watch. There are many times where a thing could happen, the note not being placed on watch. So we review that for the instance that's on the log every single time to look for those things.

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I get the sense from the plaintiffs that they are wanting to include any time they are on watch in the hopes that the one problem will throw that individual out of compliance because, again, we can't do partial credit.

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THE COURT: I see what you are saying.

DR. TAYLOR: And again, we bumped Eyman from 20 to 35, and so I think they would be hard pressed to show that that isn't 20 different inmates. In fact, it's very likely around 30. We have bumped up all the facilities to the number that we have increased it to, including on 95 we have requested to bump that up to 20 records from 10. And so -- for the same reason. And then the telepsych one is 10 per unit. And the likelihood that somebody is seen twice in a month for telepsych, not very likely. But we were reviewing between 50 and 80 on each complex that uses telepsychiatry.

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So there is no benefit for us to go searching to see if there was possibly another contact in the audit month just to be able to report that when we are already reviewing a large number of records.

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-CV 12-601 - June 14, 2017 - Status Hearing-

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THE COURT: It seems to me that the odds are very great that I'm capturing the kind of information I need to capture, but I will take another look at what Dr. Haney wrote and get a ruling out to you.

MR. FATHI: Thank you, Your Honor. I just want to make clear that what Dr. Taylor said I don't think is responsive to the Court's question. Dr. Taylor is talking about if you pull a person's file, do you have to look at every single instance that that person was on watch during the month. That's not what we're saying. We're saying if you pull a sample of 10 watch instances and five of them happen to involve the same person, you throw four of them back and randomly draw new ones until you have a sample of 10 different individuals.

THE COURT: I thought it was responsive because she was telling me what benefit the defendants got out of doing it her way.

MR. FATHI: If the Court found it responsive, that's good enough for me.

THE COURT: That was my question, I think. And that's the answer I got. That's what I understood why you thought it was to your benefit to do it that way.

DR. TAYLOR: Right. And we're attempting to audit the process to make sure it's working over and over again. So one inmate multiple times or multiple inmates, it's the process of which are you covering the start and stop and everything in

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THE COURT: All right.

MR. FATHI: The next issue involves Performance

Measures 92 and 93. And this is a distinguish issue from the

one raised by Ms. Fettig. Both of these performance measures

involve prisoners who are both classified as MH-3 or higher

and, therefore, have significant mental health needs and

vulnerabilities and are housed in maximum custody and are

therefore housed in highly restrictive settings.

Now, the stipulation provides that the same records that are reviewed for Number 92, have to be reviewed for Number 93. But in April Mr. Dye testified that the defendants weren't doing so. They were reviewing a much larger Number 92 and reviewing a much smaller number for 93. So we simply ask that the Court order the defendants to follow the plain language of the stipulation, which is that the same records be reviewed for both performance measures.

THE COURT: Mr. Bojanowski or Dr. Taylor?

DR. TAYLOR: So we have asked for an agreement with the plaintiffs regarding we would like to bump up the number of records to 20 per complex. They had an objection to that because it says per yard, so we asked for an in between that says if there's only one yard on a complex do 20; if there's multiple yards do 10 per yard so you could have 20 or 30.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

I don't know if we have heard back on that. But we

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-CV 12-601 - June 14, 2017 - Status Hearing-

1 had bumped up the max custody one to 50 because we had sites 2 that didn't pass. We wanted to see have you fixed the issue. 3 Specifically Lewis had a problem, and I didn't feel that 10 4 answered that question because I could randomly get maybe 10 because they only have the one unit at that whole complex. 5 02:32PM When we bumped it up to 50 we started so to see there were 4 6 out of 50 out of compliance. That starts to tell me you have 7 8 fixed the issue because we have pulled a quarter of the population as opposed to a much smaller portion. So they weren't failing the rounds and haven't failed the rounds for a 10 02:32PM 11 very long time. 12 So we have agreed to let's do -- we have asked to be 1.3 able to do 20 per complex, however that might work out, at 14 least 20, and then we will do the same, exact same records for 15 the rounds. 02:33PM 16 THE COURT: If it's the same, why is that a problem 17 then? 18 MR. FATHI: Well, Your Honor, it wasn't the same. 19 That was Mr. Dye's testimony. THE COURT: Okay. But what Dr. Taylor has proposed 20 02:33PM 21 you are okay with? 22 MR. FATHI: If what Dr. Taylor is saying is that hence forth the same records reviewed for Performance Measure 92 will 23 24 be reviewed for Performance Measure 93, then yes. Then we're

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satisfied with that.

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-CV 12-601 - June 14, 2017 - Status Hearing-

1 DR. TAYLOR: And does that also mean you are okay with the 20 if there's only one yard on the complex or 10 per yard? 2 3 We're a limited resource and to be able to audit on places that 4 would then mean 40 records instead of 20 would often times be beyond what we could get done in a month. 5 02:33PM MR. FATHI: My responsive letter to Ms. Orcutt on June 6 7 2nd is filed at Document 2108-1. 8 THE COURT: And what do you say. MR. FATHI: I said that increasing the numbers for 92 10 is acceptable with the caveat that the same records must be 02:33PM 11 reviewed for 93. 12 THE COURT: Okay. 1.3 DR. TAYLOR: Perfect. 14 THE COURT: Thank you. 15 MR. FATHI: And finally, Your Honor, and this, I 02:34PM 16 think, is really in a different category of importance, is 17 Performance Measure 95. This is a measure that is specifically 18 designed to protect prisoners who have recently been removed 19 from suicide watch. And given the extraordinary rash of forced 20 suicides in the recent three-week period, including one man who 02:34PM 21 killed himself hours after being removed from suicide watch, 22 this measure is of surpassing importance. 23 Performance Measure 95 is simple and straightforward. 24 It requires as follows: Any prisoner discontinued from a

suicide or mental health watch shall be seen by a mental health

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provider, mental health clinician, or psychiatric registered nurse between 24 and 72 hours after discontinuation, between 7 and 10 days after discontinuation, and between 21 and 24 days after discontinuation of the watch.

But we heard from Mr. Dye at the April hearing that defendants have been routinely counting records as compliant with this performance measure without verifying that these required contacts have happened. And that is very dangerous and that needs to stop. The Court should order the defendants to comply with the plain language of Performance Measure 95.

THE COURT: And do you happen to have talked to Mr.

Bojanowski about that before? Has he been apprised of this?

MR. FATHI: Yes, Your Honor. This was in our opening

14 brief.

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THE COURT: Right, but just recently to see whether it's still ongoing or not?

MR. FATHI: I have not, Your Honor. They defended this practice in their brief, so I didn't think there was any change.

DR. TAYLOR: Your Honor, there's a reason for the watch follow-ups to be progressively far apart. So the first watch follow-up is 24 to 72 hours. We want to check if you are going to be stable fairly quickly. We then push it out to a week and then three weeks. There's a reason for that follow-up schedule. We're checking to see if you have become unstable.

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Somebody who goes back on watch now requires a daily contact because they have shown to be unstable.

THE COURT: Right.

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DR. TAYLOR: So I know the plaintiffs brought up their concern that a different level person would be seeing the individual while on a daily watch, and yes, that is true. It's a higher level because we don't take inmates off watch on the weekends, so that follow-up would not happen on the weekend. It's going to happen during the week.

So then we're already using clinicians, licensed clinicians, in fact, to see them for the watch contacts. The watch follow-up contacts can be with an unlicensed master level clinician, a psych nurse, or a psychiatrist. But when they go back on watch we're concerned about their stability. And they are seen every day and they are seen by a licensed clinician unless it's a weekend or holiday. Then it can be a registered nurse.

So it negates the point of a watch follow-up schedule that progressively gets farther apart that you would go back on watch and we would then want to be checking on you in three weeks to see if now while you are currently on watch are you stable off watch. So the performance measure says follow-up after watch. If you are on watch, you are not -- it's not a follow-up after watch. And it's never been our practice to do that. And first time they brought it up was actually while we

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were sitting in here in court. And they have been reviewing CGARs for quite sometime, two years, and had never said anything about not reviewing them when they went back on watch because that doesn't make sense.

THE COURT: All right.

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MR. FATHI: Your Honor, we presumed, perhaps naively, that the defendants were complying with the language of the performance measure which requires these three follow-ups and requires them to verify that those follow-ups happened. The difficulty with simply presuming that because someone is back on watch they are being seen is multi-fold.

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The fundamental problem is they are not verifying. If they are verifying, yes, okay. This person was due to be seen between 7 and 10 days and they are back on watch and they were seen, fine, compliance. We have no objection to that.

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THE COURT: But we'll know about that because if what they are saying is we're counting as compliant a record that we have verified on this -- no?

MR. FATHI: No, Your Honor. They simply presume that because someone is back on watch they are being seen daily.

And their dismal performance on Performance Measure Number 94, which is the one about daily watch checks, simply provides no basis for that. In fact, the Court --

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THE COURT: I see. That's a reasonable point, but there's got to be a different remedy than this Procrustean

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MR. FATHI: All they have to do is to check.

DR. TAYLOR: We can do that. If we have an agreement let's get those out. If your proposal is us indicating the day they went back on watch, in our reporting we can do that. They are -- to be placed on watch you have to be seen. There is no other way to get placed on watch. You have to be seen by the RN or the clinician.

And so we can either indicate that date or the date of, if it was an RN, the first clinician contact if that helps but I have no problem in providing that information.

THE COURT: And it seems to make sense to me that if somebody is in a situation where you are, to use a rough analogy, we have police cars that go around and they check a neighborhood once a week and they have to check them once a week. But then we also have a rule if there's been a recent burglary they have to go every day. We're not going to require them to satisfy the every week requirements because we know during this period of time they are there every day. So that's the analogy that seems to be compelling to me.

MR. FATHI: Here's the problem, Your Honor.

Performance Measure 95 requires these three follow-ups after someone goes off suicide watch.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. FATHI: If they go back on watch in that period,

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1 yes, they are supposed to be seen every day. But what we know from the fact that Florence has been non-compliant for five out 2 3 of the six past months on Performance Measure 94 --4 THE COURT: And we're going to fix that. MR. FATHI: I hope so, Your Honor. 5 02:40PM THE COURT: Yeah. 6 7 MR. FATHI: All we're asking, all we're asking is that 8 they verify that these three required follow-ups actually happened, not presume it, because the person is on watch and they are supposed to be seen but verify that it actually 10 02:40PM 11 happened. That's all we're asking. 12 And I think the Court understood this at the last 1.3 hearing. The Court said, "You are giving somebody a pass on 14 95 based upon the fact that you were assuming they are going to 15 be seen under 94. But there's no verification of that. So how 16 can you make the determination in 95? 17 THE COURT: But what she's saying is she would be able 18 to verify it on the files that she's pulled to make sure that 19 the person was seen pursuant to the on-watch status. That's 20 what she just said. 02:41PM 21 MR. FATHI: That's not what I understood. 22 THE COURT: Isn't that what you said?

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DR. TAYLOR: So what I was saying, let's say they have had the first two watch follow-ups occur, the 24 to 72 and the seven day. Let's say they go on watch on Day 8.

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indicate on there they are on watch starting on Day 8. And
therefore, that is -- and check to make sure there's a contact.

THE COURT: So you would check to make sure there is a contact.

DR. TAYLOR: On Day 8, thereby it starts the clock back over again because I need them to follow that --

THE COURT: We're not presuming anything. Not assuming anything.

DR. TAYLOR: Right.

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THE COURT: Because in evaluating that pooled record so see whether or not there was somebody being seen much more frequently than required by the stepped out program, you are not just assuming they were seen because you know there's a rule that says they have to be. In order to determine there's compliance with this performance measure you have checked to see that they did have the visit that happened every day pursuant to them being on watch. Is that right?

DR. TAYLOR: Right. What we would not want to end up in is I'm looking for a 20-day contact when they went back on watch on Day 8 because when they come off watch that next time I need them to adhere to that --

THE COURT: I understand. I want to make sure you are not presuming just because there's a rule that says somebody is on watch, we know the performance measure says there's a significant failure at one institution with respect to meeting

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1 this watch obligation. But that will be revealed in that 2 performance measure evaluation, but you are not going to get a 3 pass in this other performance measure, the stepped out 4 performance evaluation based upon the fact that there's a rule. You are going to get either a compliance or non-compliance with 02:43PM 5 the record based upon the fact you checked to see whether or 6 not this person was seen. Are we clear about that? 7 8 DR. TAYLOR: Just to be clear, I would be looking for 9 the first contact that puts them on watch because they are now 10 in the daily watch. 02:43PM 11 THE COURT: So you would check to see that they were seen on that watch date, and then you would also want to make 12 1.3 sure that if -- well, no. So what you are asking me is you 14 have to check every single day? 15 DR. TAYLOR: I would not propose that. 02:43PM 16 THE COURT: That's what you are asking me about 17 whether or not you have to do. But again, if you can establish 18 that there has been a visit that satisfies the stepped out 19 program, then I would say that you could say that that record 20 was compliant. But you cannot deem it compliant based on the 02:43PM 21 fact that there's a rule that says we have to see everybody. 22 You have to actually see whether the person is seen. 23 DR. TAYLOR: So the challenge comes in a lot of times with the 21 to 24 day. It's a window. So they might have gone 24

on watch, come back off watch, and now they are on a more

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02:44PM

02:45PM

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- truncated schedule for watch follow-ups. I need them to follow
 that one now.
- 3 THE COURT: Right. Right.

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DR. TAYLOR: So I wouldn't want to track it through to a 21 to 24 from the original one.

6 THE COURT: You start the clock over.

DR. TAYLOR: And that's exactly what we have been doing.

MR. FATHI: Your Honor, the testimony was very clear as cited in our brief, they have been simply presuming from the fact that somebody is on watch and people who are on watch are supposed to be seen, they have been presuming that the person was seen.

Allow me to suggest this: I don't think I fully understand Dr. Taylor's proposal. If we could get that in writing, if we can work it out, that's fine. If not we could raise it at next month's hearing.

THE COURT: Would you kindly do that?

DR. TAYLOR: Absolutely. And just to be clear we wouldn't know they went on watch unless they were seen. So the only way we know they went on watch is we have to find that contact. We have been doing that already. We have no problem putting that into the CGAR.

MR. FATHI: But just to be clear, we are going to get a written proposal.

02:45PM

1 THE COURT: Yep. On the 30th. Thank you.

Thank you, Dr. Taylor.

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DR. TAYLOR: Yeah. And I did have an update for Performance Measure 85 that you had asked for.

THE COURT: Yes, please.

02:45PM

DR. TAYLOR: I, on my phone, have access to about half of them, because -- anyway, I only have about half of them. So I pulled those and starting in December, the audit looking at December, just to be clear, the audit looking at December data that was transitioned where no files were used with a -- where they were taken off meds in the same month they were reviewed so they would automatically be compliant, we transitioned in November they were used; in December they were not.

02:45PM

I found one error in Lewis where one was used and a yes was done instead of a zero, an N/A. It was a human error. The direction was to transition that and the error was made, I believe, by myself, even. But we did transition that with data looking at December.

02:46PM

MR. FATHI: Your Honor, unfortunately, I regret to say that's not true. Document 2046, Page 30, we cite January 2017 CGAR reports for Perryville where the sample for Performance Measure 85 includes multiple patients who had discontinued medication that same month in January and, therefore, could not be found non-compliant. So again, it's not true that that practice ended with the December CGARs.

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              DR. TAYLOR: So we could produce those if that's
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     helpful. I believe that's January looking at November data.
                          It's the January 2017 CGARs.
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              MR. FATHI:
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              THE COURT: Would you present that to Dr. Taylor at
     the conclusion of the hearing so that you two can, if Mr.
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                                                                      02:47PM
     Bojanowski will agree, to stand by for a bit so that you two
 6
     can take a look at this and figure out who's right. Okay?
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              MR. FATHI: Happy to have that consultation, Your
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     Honor. We don't have the underlying data here. But they
     are -- it is in the court record.
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                                                                      02:47PM
              THE COURT: She'll show you. She will have to back it
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     up. And she's got it on her phone. She can show you that the
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     CGARs -- I think it's what you are looking at, the CGARs,
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     right?
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              DR. TAYLOR: Correct.
                                                                      02:47PM
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              THE COURT: She can show it to you and you say it's
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     not true but you can figure that out. If we had time we would
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     do it right now. But if it turns out that the issue gets
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     resolved, great. If it turns out that there is a
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    misrepresentation to the Court, certainly the defendants have
                                                                      02:47PM
21
     to correct that. And if it turns out that there's something I
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     need to further look into, you will let me know.
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              MR. FATHI: Thank you, Your Honor.
              I believe Ms. Kendrick has an issue to address.
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THE COURT:

Yes.

02:49PM

1 MS. KENDRICK: Not many issues, just one. 2 Among the performance measures that we identified in 3 the hearings that could not be found non-compliant, there was 4 one in particular on the medical side. That was Performance Measure 25 involving the emergency response. 5 02:48PM THE COURT: Correct. 6 MS. KENDRICK: As you might recall, Mr. Haldane 7 8 testified that the moment he starts the clock is at the time the security staff responds. The security staff in his mind are trained, so therefore, the response is instantaneous it's 10 02:48PM 11 always 100 percent. 12 THE COURT: Is the State really going to hold with that position that's exactly what's required by the 1.3 14 stipulation? 15 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Can I have one moment, Your Honor? 02:48PM 16 THE COURT: Surely. 17 MR. BOJANOWSKI: I want to get to the performance 18 measure they are talking about because it was my understanding 19 that this performance measure was looking at the -- what's 20 defined as the first responder to an emergency situation. 02:49PM 21 These emergency situations arise in the housing units. The 22 first responders are the COs on site. 23 Who are focused on trying to control what THE COURT: 24 they always control, and that's not to their -- not criticizing

them -- but that is to control individuals. We see it in the

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all about.

press all too time. The police shoot somebody -- again, this is not saying this is what's happening but the police shoot somebody and people stand in aghast as they put handcuffs on the people who have been shot. That's what police officers are trained to do. That's their natural reaction. They just shot somebody. Rather than tending to them medically, they put handcuffs on them.

02:49PM

So I think what this is talking about is making sure the first responder is somebody whose first idea what is the healthcare need here, not about how to subdue somebody. That's my impression of it.

2:49PM

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Well, the CGAR question is: Are first responders trained in basic life support, responding and adequately providing care within three minutes of an emergency. So that's what the measure is, is are the people that are there, are they adequately trained and are they providing appropriate care within those first three minutes. And that's what's being looked at because it's the line officer who is going — if somebody is bleeding out on the floor it's the line officer that's going to be putting the pressure on the wound to stop the bleeding. So, you know, that's what we're looking at because medical is going to have to respond from wherever they are at to that location. And so that's what this measure is

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clearly, I guess, is an oversight for all of the parties when we negotiated the stipulation. We did not actually define what a first responder means. And so that, I think, is part of the problem, is that the parties clearly had different ideas of what it meant. There was nothing memorialized in the contract or the stipulation as to what a first responder means.

02:51PM

And we are concerned about the situation that you described, I mean, for example, in our original complaint,

Docket 1 on this docket, we describe a man who committed suicide by cutting himself with razor blades and the custody officers didn't respond for 30 minutes because they didn't want to wallow in his blood.

02:51PM

So this performance measure is based upon situations such as that and other ones that our experts found during litigation. So the fact that defendants have taken this to refer to custody officer, responds, calls 91 and so within one second they are compliant, I think just moots out the entire purpose of this performance measure.

02:51PM

THE COURT: That's my impression, too.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Your Honor, the methodology that has been agreed to and in place in the manual and such says that first responders may be either medical or security officers.

So you know --

02:52PM

24 THE COURT: I didn't know about that.

02:52PM

MR. BOJANOWSKI: That's been in the manual since it

was drafted. So it's clearly been the intention of the parties
to allow this to be defined as security officers.

THE COURT: Okay.

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MS. KENDRICK: Well, I mean, it's what they do, Your Honor. And it's how they respond. And unfortunately, over the course of the four or five years of having medical emergencies, deaths, and suicides reviewed by our experts, we do find when you look at underlying documents that there is a delay in getting a response from medical care that calls into question whether or they're responsive.

02:52PM

02:52PM

The fact that it's in the Monitoring Guide, it's in the Monitoring Guide. It doesn't necessarily mean we agree to it. In all honesty, I apologize if that passed by. That certainly was not our intention to agree to that. It's a long document.

02:53PM

But, you know, I think the fact that we hadn't caught it in the draft Monitoring Guide but it came out explicitly clear in the hearing doesn't mean that defendants can say ha ha, you know, you are going to have to live with it because we wrote it into the Monitoring Guide.

02:53PM

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: It's an NCCHC standard, Your Honor.

23 The NCCHC recognizes first responders as security officers so I

24 | can't -- it's a standard.

THE COURT: Well, I will think about it more.

02:53PM

| | ov 12 out built 14, 2017 beatab hearing | |
|----|---|--------|
| 1 | MS. KENDRICK: Thank you. | |
| 2 | THE COURT: Anything you want to say, Mr. Bojanowski? | |
| 3 | MR. BOJANOWSKI: Your Honor, I need to be honest. I'm | |
| 4 | a little slow on the uptake maybe. I wanted to get some | |
| 5 | clarification on your PM 13 order so that I'm absolutely clear | 02:53P |
| 6 | as to what it is you are looking for documentation-wise and | |
| 7 | what's the obligation on the part of the defendants to provide | |
| 8 | this documentation. | |
| 9 | So I need to get in my mind, I guess, are you asking | |
| 10 | us to | 02:54P |
| 11 | THE COURT: To identify for me and for plaintiffs the | |
| 12 | name and the number of every person for the previous 30 days | |
| 13 | before the reporting date who did not receive the care that was | |
| 14 | called for by the performance measures that I addressed today. | |
| 15 | MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay. | 02:54P |
| 16 | THE COURT: Then you would need to be in a position to | |
| 17 | tell me why you should not pay \$1,000 per incident for failure | |
| 18 | to comply with those performance measures. | |
| 19 | MR. BOJANOWSKI: So the 30-day x I'm trying to get | |
| 20 | in my mind what you mean by the 30-day reporting period. Are | 02:54P |
| 21 | you talking about | |
| 22 | THE COURT: So we changed it from what I first said. | |
| 23 | We changed it so that I would have the advantage of having that | |
| 24 | information before our hearing. So the day before the hearing, | |

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you are going to let everybody know the names of the people and 02:55PM

-CV 12-601 - June 14, 2017 - Status Hearingtheir numbers who did not receive the called for healthcare 1 2 that is required by the performance measures that I identified 3 so I know the total number and I know the individuals for whom 4 these services were not provided. MR. BOJANOWSKI: Is this for all of the inmates, or is 02:55PM 5 this for like the 10 files pulled? 6 7 THE COURT: It's for every person that didn't receive 8 this benefit, every person. MR. BOJANOWSKI: I'm trying to get a handle on how to logistically do this. 10 02:55PM 11 THE COURT: You will have to double check, make sure 12 every person who was supposed to get those measures in those 1.3 facilities that I identified, that they got that service. And 14 if they didn't you have to tell me. 15 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay. So starting tomorrow? 02:56PM 16 THE COURT: Yes. 17 MR. BOJANOWSKI: Is what you are saying. We have to 18 then monitor 100 percent compliance. 19 THE COURT: Right. 20 MR. BOJANOWSKI: For all of those measures for all of 02:56PM 21 those people. 2.2 THE COURT: Right. 23 MR. BOJANOWSKI: And then report that to you?

MR. BOJANOWSKI: You are just looking for a list? 02:56PM

THE COURT: Right.

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              THE COURT: Yes. I want the names, the numbers.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: You are not asking for a percentage.
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              THE COURT: No.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: You are saying everybody?
              THE COURT: Yes.
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                                                                       02:56PM
              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Say, for instance, a person who is in
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     the IPC, say we have 20 guys in the IPC. You want all 20 guys.
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              THE COURT: If they didn't get the service that's
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     called for in that performance measure.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay.
                                                                       02:56PM
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              THE COURT: Going back to the chronic and psychotropic
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     medication renewals will be complete in a manner such that
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     there is no interruption or lapse in medication. I want to
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     know the names and the numbers of all the people in the next 30
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     days who did not receive that healthcare service.
                                                                       02:57PM
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: At those listed facilities?
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              THE COURT: Yes, those listed facilities.
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              (Discussion off the record.)
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              THE COURT: The sample also has told me there's a real
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     problem, so then I have to move beyond the sampling and address
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     the problem. And the way that I'm going to address the problem
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     is find out how many people didn't receive the service and then
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     tell you why I shouldn't fine you for failing to provide the
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     service to every single one of those people who are entitled to
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     do it. Because the stipulation doesn't say that you are going
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And I

02:58PM

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     to do it for 85 percent of the people. What the stipulation
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     says is you are going to be governed on whether you do a good
     enough job to make the 85 percent benchmark. If you fail to
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     make the benchmark we know that you are not providing the
     service that you contracted to provide. So I need to get
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                                                                      02:58PM
     something in place to make sure that you do that going forward.
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 7
              MR. BOJANOWSKI: Right. I just want to make sure that
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     everybody --
              THE COURT: Yep.
              MR. BOJANOWSKI: -- here understands what it is you
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     are looking for so that we're providing the appropriate
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     information to you.
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              THE COURT: Yes.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: And now date-wise you want that
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     information provided by July 13th?
                                                                       02:58PM
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              THE COURT: Yep, the day before the hearing, which is
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     now the 12th. We can go ahead and say the 13th if we're not
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     going to address this topic on the 12th.
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              MR. BOJANOWSKI: I thought we were addressing this on
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     the 17th.
                                                                       02:58PM
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              THE COURT: No. Is it -- wait a second.
              MR. FATHI: Your Honor, you had initially said the
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     17th.
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              THE COURT: We said the 17th, but then it was a good
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suggestion we move it to before the hearing on the 14th.

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said the day before the 14th. We then decided that we would

actually start the hearing before the 14th on the 13th, which

would mean that it would have to be on the 12th.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay. The evidentiary hearing on the removal of the boxes is what I thought was going to be on the 13th.

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03:00PM

THE COURT: It could be. And if that turns out that is what you all decide is the best thing to do, then you can get me that information on the 13th.

MR. BOJANOWSKI: Okay. Can I have a moment?

THE COURT: Yep.

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MR. BOJANOWSKI: We're trying to figure out how this can be accomplished.

THE COURT: It can be accomplished because you have committed in a contract to do it, to provide the service. And you have failed repeatedly to provide the service, so we're going to know for whom those people are who are entitled to this benefit who have not received it. And the way to know that is to know what their names and numbers are.

So you will take a look to see who is entitled to the service at those units for the numbers that we enumerated here today, and you will tell me the names and the numbers of the people who haven't received this service. And maybe that will help you understand how to address the problem better.

Thank you all very much.

03:00PM

| • | CV 12-601 - June 14, 2017 - Status Hearing |
|----|--|
| 1 | We'll see you next month. |
| 2 | (Proceeding concluded at 3:00 p.m.) |
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1 2 3 4 5 CERTIFICATE 6 7 I, LAURIE A. ADAMS, do hereby certify that I am duly appointed and qualified to act as Official Court Reporter for 8 the United States District Court for the District of Arizona. 9 10 I FURTHER CERTIFY that the foregoing pages constitute a full, true, and accurate transcript of all of that portion of 11 12 the proceedings contained herein, had in the above-entitled 1.3 cause on the date specified therein, and that said transcript 14 was prepared under my direction and control. 15 DATED at Phoenix, Arizona, this 21st day of June, 2017. 16 17 18 s/Laurie A. Adams 19 Laurie A. Adams, RMR, CRR 20 2.1 22 23 24 25